TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION:	PAGE
Title Page	
Table of Contents	
Organization	1
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Independent Auditor's Report	2-4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5-13
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Government-wide financial statements:	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	15
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	16
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
to the Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	19
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund	20-22
Proprietary Funds:	
Statement of Net Position	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	24
Statement of Cash Flows	25
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	26
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	27-52
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	53
Schedule of the Town's Contributions to the Public Employees' Retirement	
System of the State of Nevada	54
Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
of the Public Employees' Retirement System of the State of Nevada	55
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	56

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	PAGE
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Major Governmental Funds:	
General Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheets	57
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget	
(GAAP Basis) and Actual	58
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual	59
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual	60-61
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Major Enterprise Funds:	
Tonopah Public Utilities Water Enterprise Fund	
Comparative Statement of Net Position	62
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	
Net Position - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual	63
Comparative Schedules of Cash Flows	64
Tonopah Public Utilities Sewer Enterprise Fund	
Comparative Statement of Net Position	65
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	
Net Position - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual	66
Comparative Schedules of Cash Flows	67
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	68
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	69
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	70-71
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	72-73
State Room Tax Special Revenue Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheets	74
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP) Basis) and Actual	75
Tourism Special Revenue Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheets	76
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP) Basis) and Actual	77
Mural Special Revenue Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheets	78
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP) Basis) and Actual	79
Public Safety Sales Tax Sheriff Special Revenue Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheets	80
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP) Basis) and Actual	81
Public Safety Sales Tax Fire Special Revenue Fund	01
Comparative Balance Sheets	82
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP) Basis) and Actual	83

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

	PAGE
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	84
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	85
Capital Projects Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheets	86
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget	
(GAAP Basis) and Actual	87
Special Ad Valorem Capital Projects Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheets	88
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP) Basis) and Actual	89
Mining Capital Projects Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheets	90
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP) Basis) and Actual	91
Agency Fund	
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	92
COMPLIANCE:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	93-94
Independent Auditor's Comments	95-96

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA

ORGANIZATION

TOWN OFFICERS at June 30, 2019

Chairman Don Kaminski

Vice Chairman Jerry Elliston

Clerk Rhonda Link

Board Member Duane Downing

Board Member Mike Sain

DANIEL C. McARTHUR, LTD.

Certified Public Accountant

Quail Park III • 501 So. Rancho Dr., Ste. E-30 • Las Vegas, NV 89106 • (702) 385-1899 • FAX (702) 385-9619

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board Members Town of Tonopah, Nevada Tonopah, Nevada

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Tonopah, Nevada (the Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 13, the Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on page 53, Schedule of Town's Contributions to the Public Employees' Retirement System of the State of Nevada on page 54 and Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability of the Public Employees' Retirement System of the State of Nevada on page 55 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Prior Year Comparative Information

We also have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the Town's basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018, which are not presented with the accompanying financial statements and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended June 30, 2018, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2018 basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of those basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2018 combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 11, 2020, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Las Vegas, Nevada February 11, 2020

The Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") introduces the financial reports for the Town of Tonopah, Nevada ("Town") and is designed to give the reader an easy-to-understand overview of the Town's financial position and results of operations for the year.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets and deferred outflows of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the 2019 fiscal year by \$23,099,392 (net position). Total net position represents approximately \$19,690,153 in capital assets, net of related debt, \$172,809 in assets restricted for debt services, \$1,175,265 in assets restricted for capital projects, \$90,712 in assets restricted for culture and recreation, and \$225,491 in assets restricted for public safety. The remaining \$1,744,962 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

The government-wide net position of the Town increased during the fiscal year 2019, from \$22,400,796 to \$23,099,392.

The Town's primary revenue sources for governmental activities were room taxes of \$633,474, ad valorem taxes (property taxes) of \$351,146, public safety sales taxes of \$185,220, and consolidated taxes (sales taxes) of \$545,000. These revenue sources comprised 30.22%, 16.75%, 8.83%, and 26.00%, respectively, or 81.80% of total governmental activities revenues.

The Town's total expenses were \$3,168,175. The greatest governmental activities expenses were \$636,655 in culture and recreation and \$305,797 in the public works function. The business-type activities contributed \$1,670,286 to the Town's total expenses.

At the end of fiscal year 2019, the Town's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$3,343,415, an increase of \$530,948 when compared to the previous year. Approximately 32.46% of this amount, \$1,085,384, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements which consist of government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and accompanying notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with an overview of the Town's financial position in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position combines and consolidates all of the Town's assets and liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. This includes combining current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting. Net position is segregated into three components: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted net position. Net position is an indicator of the overall financial position of the Town and the change in net position from year to year is an indicator of the financial position improving or deteriorating.

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation and sick leave).

The government-wide financial statements report two types of activities: governmental activities and business-type activities. The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, public works, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities include operations of its utilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that are designated for a specific purpose within the government. The Town uses fund financial statements to provide detailed information about its most significant funds. All of the Town of Tonopah funds are classified into three categories:

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements described above. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting, which focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. To provide a better understanding of the relationship between the fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is provided for a more comprehensive picture of the Town's financial position.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for each of its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement is provided for each of the Town's governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Proprietary Funds –The Town maintains one type of proprietary fund: The Enterprise Fund. The Enterprise Fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses the Enterprise Fund to account for its water and sewer utility activities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer utility funds.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for the resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The Town has one type of fiduciary fund: The Agency Fund. The Agency Fund reports resources held by the Town in a custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Town's progress in funding its obligation to provide other post-employment benefits to its employees.

The combining statements and individual fund schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on other post-employment benefits.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The government-wide financial statements are structured to report financial information on the Town as a whole. Condensed financial information with comparative amounts from the prior year is presented along with the accompanying analysis.

The following table illustrates the changes in net position for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018.

Net Position

	Govern	mental	Busine	ess-type	Total			
	Activ	vities	Acti	vities	Primary Government			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Assets:								
Current and other assets	\$3,565,616	\$3,177,227	\$ 3,253,798	\$ 3,140,841	\$ 6,819,414	\$ 6,318,068		
Net capital assets	4,581,620	4,546,182	20,266,480	20,376,915	24,848,100	24,923,097		
Total assets	8,147,236	7,723,409	23,520,278	23,517,756	31,667,514	31,241,165		
Deferred outflows of resources	136,453	99,105	391,915	104,431	528,368	203,536		
Liabilities:								
Current liabilities	215,897	361,002	134,491	74,848	350,388	435,850		
Long-term liabilities	1,543,597	1,636,930	6,833,719	6,729,933	8,377,316	8,366,863		
Total liabilities	1,759,494	1,997,932	6,968,210	6,804,781	8,727,704	8,802,713		
Deferred inflows of resources	213,630	112,624	155,156	128,568	368,786	241,192		
Net position:								
Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt	4,581,620	4,546,182	15,108,533	15,114,198	19,690,153	19,660,380		
Restricted	980,652	591,010	683,625	596,929	1,664,277	1,187,939		
Unrestricted	748,293	574,766	996,669	977,711	1,744,962	1,552,477		
Total net position	\$6,310,565	\$5,711,958	\$16,788,827	\$16,688,838	\$23,099,392	\$22,400,796		

The Town's assets exceeded liabilities by \$23,099,392 at the close of the current fiscal year and total net position increased by \$698,596, resulting in a 3.12% increase in net position.

The largest portion of the Town's net position, 85.24%, reflects its investment in capital assets less any related debt outstanding used to acquire those assets. The Town uses capital assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate the debt.

The Town's total net position of \$23,099,392 includes unrestricted net position totaling \$1,744,962. This is used to meet the ongoing obligations of the Town. Portions of total net position are subject to external restrictions as to how they may be used. In the current fiscal year, there were restricted assets of \$1,664,277.

Net Position

Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$598,607. Business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$99,989.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Changes in net position of the Town are summarized as follows:

	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-Type	Total			
	Acti	vities	Acti	vities	Primary Go	overnmental		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 104,648	\$ 104,439	\$ 967,616	\$ 1,019,634	\$ 1,072,264	\$ 1,124,073		
Operating grant	98,010	77,198	-	-	98,010	77,198		
Capital grant	-	77,977	394,069	-	394,069	77,977		
General revenues:								
Ad valorem taxes	351,146	351,158	-	-	351,146	351,158		
Room tax	633,474	589,331	-	-	633,474	589,331		
Fuel taxes	52,048	39,009	-	-	52,048	39,009		
Consolidated tax	545,000	556,804	-	-	545,000	556,804		
Public safety tax	185,220	201,603	-	-	185,220	201,603		
Investment income	97,945	(9,052)	98,428	(9,227)	196,373	(18,279)		
Miscellaneous	29,005	7,096	310,162	296,362	339,167	303,458		
Total revenues	2,096,496	1,995,563	1,770,275	1,306,769	3,866,771	3,302,332		
Expenses:								
General government	269,539	355,075	-	-	269,539	355,075		
Public safety	285,898	202,619	-	-	285,898	202,619		
Public works	305,797	305,433	-	-	305,797	305,433		
Culture and recreation	636,655	547,433	-	-	636,655	547,433		
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Utility operations			1,670,286	1,633,514	1,670,286	1,633,514		
Total expenses	1,497,889	1,410,560	1,670,286	1,633,514	3,168,175	3,044,074		
Change in net position	598,607	585,003	99,989	(326,745)	698,596	258,258		
Net position - beginning	5,711,958	5,126,955	16,688,838	17,015,583	22,400,796	22,142,538		
Net position - ending	\$6,310,565	\$5,711,958	\$16,788,827	\$16,688,838	\$23,099,392	\$22,400,796		

Program revenues include operating and capital grants and charges for services including fines and forfeitures, certain licenses and permits, and water and sewer utility services.

General revenues consist of taxes, interest, and miscellaneous revenues. For governmental activities, the largest of these revenues was room tax. The second largest revenue was consolidated tax. The business-type general revenue came from charges for services related to the water and sewer utility and grant revenues.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$3,343,415. This is an increase over the prior year of \$530,948, or 18.88%. Fund balance components have been classified as nonspendable, restricted, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources of the funds. Restricted fund balance is \$980,652, or 29.33%, of the total. Spending of these resources is constrained by externally imposed (statutory, bond covenant, or grantors) limitations on their use. The restricted fund balances include \$664,449 for capital projects, \$225,491 for public safety, and \$90,712 for culture and recreation.

Major Funds:

General Fund: The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,362,763, an increase of \$142,161, or 6.40%, from the prior year. The primary reason for the increase was an increase in revenues.

Revenues increased by \$84,752, or 5.20%. Tax revenues increased by \$40,902, or 4.72%, due to increases in room taxes. Intergovernmental revenues decreased by \$19,441, or 2.84%, primarily due to consolidated taxes and grant revenues. Miscellaneous revenues increased by \$71,155, due to investment income.

Expenditures increased by \$12,459, or 1.07%. General Government expenditures decreased by \$100,644, or 26.63%, due to decreases in salaries and wages, employee benefits, and services and supplies. Public Safety increased by \$60,824 or 64.65% due to increases in service and supplies. Culture and recreation expenditures increased by \$51,915, or 13.14%, primarily due to increased salaries and wages and employee benefits for the mining park, swimming pool, and convention center, and increased service and supply expenditures in parks and the swimming pool.

Major Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds: The Town's water and sewer utility enterprise fund financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the enterprise funds totaled \$996,669. Total net position in the enterprise funds increased \$99,989.

Tonopah Public Utility Water: Operating revenues decreased by \$19,395, or 3.98%. Operating expenditures increased by \$54,377, or 6.28%, primarily due to an increase in water operation and general operation costs. Nonoperating revenues/(expenses) were \$473,385, or 397.9%, higher than the prior year mainly due to a gain on investments and a grant of \$394,069.

Tonopah Public Utility Sewer: Operating revenues decreased by \$32,623, or 6.12%. Operating expenditures decreased by \$19,131, or 2.89%, from the prior year. This decrease is attributed mostly to decreased administration and depreciation costs. Nonoperating revenues/(expenses) were \$40,613, or 66.46%, higher than the prior year. This increase results from a gain on investments.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Nevada Revised Statutes require that the Town legally adopts budgets for all funds. Budgets are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted amounts reflected in the accompanying financial statements recognize amendments made during the year. The final appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and object. All appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances are re-appropriated in the ensuing fiscal year.

The actual General Fund balance of \$2,362,763 was \$1,085,384 higher than anticipated to begin the 2019-2020 year. This is reflected in the General Fund as unassigned fund balance.

Final budget compared to actual results: The most significant differences between estimated revenues and expenses and actual revenues and expenses in the General Fund were as follows:

Overall, the revenues received were higher than budgeted by 52.69%, or \$589,924. Significant revenues in excess of budgeted amounts were \$291,629 in room taxes and \$245,000 in consolidated taxes.

A review of actual expenditures compared to the appropriations in the final budget shows that expenditures were \$495,460 lower than budgeted, or 29.62%. Expenditures were under budget for all functions of the General Fund as follows: general government by \$202,637, public safety by \$57,454, public works by \$69,430, and culture and recreation by \$150,939.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2019, the Town's governmental type activities had \$4,581,620 (net) invested in land, land improvements, construction in progress, building and improvements, and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, disposals, and depreciation) of \$35,438 from the previous year.

At June 30, 2019, the Town's business-type activities had \$20,266,480 (net) invested in land, utility distributions systems, and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, disposals, and depreciation) of \$110,435 from the previous year.

Capital assets, net of related debt, reflect 85.24% of net position of the Town. The Town uses capital assets to provide services to the citizens of the Town of Tonopah and, consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The following tables reflect additions and dispositions of capital assets for the Town's governmental activities and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities:

	Balance				Balance
	June 30, 2018	Additions	Transfer	Deletions	June 30, 2019
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,215,563	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,215,563
Construction in progress	23,652	250	(23,902)		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,239,215	250	(23,902)	-	2,215,563
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Land improvements	24,750	19,000	-	-	43,750
Building and improvements	2,158,754	182,272	15,703	-	2,356,729
Equipment	1,954,150	12,568	8,199		1,974,917
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,137,654	213,840	23,902	-	4,375,396
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land improvements	1,238	1,237	-	-	2,475
Building and improvements	746,029	67,955	-	-	813,984
Equipment	1,083,420	109,460			1,192,880
Total accumulated depreciation	1,830,687	178,652		_	2,009,339
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,306,967	35,188	23,902	_	2,366,057
Governmental activities assets, net	\$ 4,546,182	\$ 35,438	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,581,620

Building and improvement additions were for the convention center bathroom renovation and the firehouse vehicle exhaust system.

Equipment additions were for fire radios and Blitzfire monitors.

Business-type Activities:

	Balance June 30, 2018 A			dditions	T	ransfer	Dek	etions	_	Salance 20, 2019
Capital assets not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	55,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	55,000
Construction in progress				367,734		25,130		_		392,864
Total capital assets not being depreciated		55,000		367,734		25,130		-		447,864
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Systems and equipment	33	3,194,671		232,556		(25,130)		-	33	3,402,097
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Systems and equipment	12	2,872,756		710,725				_	13	3,583,481
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	20),321,915		(478,169)		(25,130)		-	19	9,818,616
Business-type activities assets, net	\$20),376,915	\$	(110,435)	\$	-	\$	_	\$20),266,480

Capital additions included system improvements and small equipment.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Changes in Long-term Debt: During the year ended June 30, 2019, the following changes occurred in long-term debt: Governmental activities:

	-	Balance		Net]	Net		Balance	Dι	ie within
	Jur	ne 30, 2018	A	dditions	$\underline{\mathbf{D}}$	eletions	Jur	ne 30, 2019	0	ne Year
Compensated absences	\$	22,404	\$	8,157	\$		\$	30,561	\$	21,978
Net pension obligation		405,888		14,799		-		420,687		-
OPEB obligation payable		1,208,638		_		116,289		1,092,349		_
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,636,930	\$	22,956	\$	116,289	\$	1,543,597	\$	21,978
Business-type activities:										
		Balance		Net]	Net		Balance	Dι	ie within
	<u>Jur</u>	ne 30, 2018	<u>A</u>	dditions	$\underline{\mathbf{D}}$	eletions	Jur	ne 30, 2019	<u>O</u>	ne Year
Compensated absences	\$	52,447	\$	-	\$	413	\$	52,034	\$	31,920
Net pension obligation		466,925		29,715		-		496,640		-
OPEB obligation payable		947,844		179,254		-		1,127,098		-
Bond payable		5,262,717		_		104,770		5,157,947		106,944
Total	\$	6,729,933	\$	208,969	\$	105,183	\$	6,833,719	\$	138,864

The Town's debt decreased by \$93,333 for governmental activities during the current fiscal year. The decrease was mainly due to a decrease in OPEB obligations.

The Town's debt increased by \$103,786 for business-type activities during the current fiscal year. The increase was mainly due to an additional employee becoming eligible for the OPEB obligation.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Town approved the budget for the 2019-2020 year on May 22, 2019. The following factors were considered in the development of the budget.

• Assessed valuation for the Town increased and tax rates remained unchanged. Therefore, property tax revenues will be higher.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide its users with a general overview of the Town of Tonopah, Nevada's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the revenues it receives. Any comments, further questions, or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Town Administration Town of Tonopah, Nevada 140 S. Main Street PO Box 151 Tonopah, Nevada 89049

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

June	30, 20)19				
	Go	overnmental	В	usiness-type		Total
		Activities		Activities	Prim	ary Government
		2019		2019		2019
ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,315,639	\$	2,322,792	\$	5,638,431
Interest receivable		5,636		5,215		10,851
Property taxes receivable		7,210		-		7,210
Room tax receivable		68,429		-		68,429
Due from other governments		168,702		61,382		230,084
Accounts receivable net of allowance for uncollectibles		-		110,552		110,552
Inventory		-		70,232		70,232
Restricted assets - cash		-		683,625		683,625
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		4,581,620		20,266,480		24,848,100
Total assets		8,147,236		23,520,278		31,667,514
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Deferred charge on pension		120,112		109,389		229,501
Deferred charge on OPEB		16,341		282,526		298,867
Total deferred outflows of resources		136,453		391,915		528,368
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable		174,297		70,326		244,623
Accrued payroll and benefits		41,600		34,002		75,602
Accrued interest payable		-		3,588		3,588
Accrued compensated absences		21,978		31,920		53,898
Bonds payable		-		106,944		106,944
Payable from restricted assets:						
Customer deposits		-		26,575		26,575
Noncurrent liabilities:						
OPEB obligation payable		1,092,349		1,127,098		2,219,447
Net pension obligation payable		420,687		496,640		917,327
Accrued compensated absences		8,583		20,114		28,697
Bonds payable		_		5,051,003		5,051,003
Total liabilities		1,759,494		6,968,210		8,727,704
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Deferred charge on pension		111,267		103,970		215,237
Deferred charge on OPEB		102,363		51,186		153,549
Total deferred inflows of resources		213,630		155,156		368,786
NET POSITION:				_		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		4,581,620		15,108,533		19,690,153
Restricted for:				, ,		
Debt		-		172,809		172,809
Capital projects		664,449		510,816		1,175,265
Culture and recreation		90,712		-		90,712
Public safety		225,491		_		225,491
Unrestricted		748,293		996,669		1,744,962
Total net position	\$	6,310,565	\$	16,788,827	\$	23,099,392
•	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Program Revenues			Changes in Net Position			
			Operating	Capital				
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	
Primary governments:								
General government	\$ (269,539)	\$ 68,009	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (201,530)	\$ -	\$ (201,530)	
Public safety	(285,898)	-	73,126	-	(212,772)	-	(212,772)	
Public works	(305,797)	-	-	-	(305,797)	-	(305,797)	
Culture and recreation	(636,655)	36,639	24,884		(575,132)		(575,132)	
Total governmental activities	(1,497,889)	104,648	98,010		(1,295,231)		(1,295,231)	
Business-type activities:								
Water	(1,028,238)	467,353	-	394,069	-	(166,816)	(166,816)	
Sewer	(642,048)	500,263				(141,785)	(141,785)	
Total business-type activities	(1,670,286)	967,616		394,069		(308,601)	(308,601)	
Total primary governments	\$(3,168,175)	\$1,072,264	\$ 98,010	\$ 394,069	(1,295,231)	(308,601)	(1,603,832)	
	General Reven	ues:						
	Ad valorem ta	ax			351,146	-	351,146	
	Room tax				633,474	-	633,474	
	Fuel tax				52,048	-	52,048	
	Consolidated	tax			545,000	-	545,000	
	Public safety	tax			185,220	-	185,220	
	Capital project	ets fees			-	66,697	66,697	
	Surcharge				-	205,257	205,257	
	Investment in				97,945	98,428	196,373	
	Miscellaneou	S			29,005	38,208	67,213	
	Total general	revenues			1,893,838	408,590	2,302,428	
	Change in ne	et position			598,607	99,989	698,596	
	Net position	- beginning of	f year		5,711,958	16,688,838	22,400,796	
	Net position	- end of year			\$ 6,310,565	\$16,788,827	\$23,099,392	

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA BALANCE SHEET- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Major Fund	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General Fund	Funds	Funds
ASSETS:			
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 2,252,275	\$ 1,063,364	\$ 3,315,639
Interest receivable	3,972	1,664	5,636
Property taxes receivable	7,210	-	7,210
Room tax receivable	63,470	4,959	68,429
Due from other governments	138,716	29,986	168,702
Total assets	\$ 2,465,643	\$ 1,099,973	\$ 3,565,616
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	\$ 56,630	\$ 117,667	\$ 174,297
Accrued payroll	39,946	1,654	41,600
Total liabilities	96,576	119,321	215,897
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	6,304		6,304
FUND BALANCE: Restricted for:			
Capital projects		664,449	664 440
Public safety	-	225,491	664,449 225,491
Culture and recreation	-	90,712	90,712
Assigned for subsequent year	1,277,379	90,712	1,277,379
Unassigned Unassigned	1,085,384	-	1,085,384
		000.652	
Total fund balance	2,362,763	980,652	3,343,415
Total liabilities, deferred inflows			
of resources, and fund balance	\$ 2,465,643	\$ 1,099,973	\$ 3,565,616

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 3,343,415
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets net of the related depreciation are not reported in the governmental funds financial statements because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the Statement of Net Position.	4,581,620
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	6,304
Certain liabilities, such as compensated absences, are not reported in the governmental funds financial statements because they are not due and payable, but they are presented as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and include:	
Compensated absences	(30,561)
The Town's other post-employment benefits liabilities as well as other post-employment benefits-related deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources are recognized in the government-wide statements and include:	
Deferred outflows from other post-employment benefits. Net other post-employment benefits liability.	16,341 (1,092,349)
Deferred inflows from other post-employment benefits.	(102,363)
The Town's proportionate share of net pension assets and liabilities as well as pension-related deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources are recognized in the government-wide statements and include:	
Deferred outflows from pension activity.	120,112
Net pension liability	(420,687)
Deferred inflows from pension activity.	 (111,267)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ 6,310,565

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Major Funds	Other	Total	
	Major Funds	Governmental	Governmental	
	General Fund	Funds	Funds	
Revenues:	Seneral Land	1 01105	1 01105	
Taxes	\$ 908,382	\$ 41,845	\$ 950,227	
Licenses and permits	2,246	-	2,246	
Intergovernmental	665,620	286,104	951,724	
Charges for services	36,639	-	36,639	
Fines and forfeitures	24,551	-	24,551	
Miscellaneous	72,027	56,536	128,563	
Total revenues	1,709,465	384,485	2,093,950	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	277,359	-	277,359	
Public safety	154,904	174,777	329,681	
Public works	305,744	-	305,744	
Culture and recreation	439,297	89,256	528,553	
Capital projects		121,665	121,665	
Total expenditures	1,177,304	385,698	1,563,002	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	532,161	(1,213)	530,948	
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	-	390,000	390,000	
Operating transfers out	(390,000)		(390,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(390,000)	390,000		
Net change in fund balance	142,161	388,787	530,948	
Fund balance:				
Beginning of year	2,220,602	591,865	2,812,467	
End of year	\$ 2,362,763	\$ 980,652	\$ 3,343,415	

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$	530,948
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. The is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlay in the current period.		35,438
Property taxes that are collected in the time to pay obligations of the current period are reported as revenue in the fund statements. However, amounts that related to prior periods that first become available in the current period should not be reported as revenue in the Statement of Activities.		2,546
Generally, expenditures recognized in fund financial statements are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the Statement of Activities when incurred and include:		
Compensated absences.		(8,157)
Net differences between other post-employment benefits contributions recognized in the fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the statement of activities:		11,377
Net differences between pension system contributions recognized in the fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the Statement of Activities.		
Pension contributions made after measurement date (2019 contributions).		50,374
Net pension expense.		(23,919)
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	598,607

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA MAJOR FUND - GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Variance With		
				Final Budget		
	Bud	Budget		Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$ 343,699	\$ 343,699	\$ 316,753	\$ (26,946)		
Room taxes	300,000	300,000	591,629	291,629		
Total taxes	643,699	643,699	908,382	264,683		
Licenses and permits:	16,500	16,500	2,246	(14,254)		
Intergovernmental:						
County liquor license	1,800	1,800	3,960	2,160		
County gaming license	16,000	16,000	37,252	21,252		
Consolidated tax	300,000	300,000	545,000	245,000		
Gas tax \$1.75	50,519	50,519	52,048	1,529		
Grants	38,973	38,973	27,360	(11,613)		
Total intergovernmental	407,292	407,292	665,620	258,328		
Charges for services:						
Rescue runs	200	200	-	(200)		
Swimming pool fees	6,000	6,000	7,935	1,935		
Convention Center rental	10,000	10,000	13,167	3,167		
Sports complex fees	2,400	2,400	2,400	-		
Mining park entrance	5,000	5,000	11,602	6,602		
Fairgrounds rental	450	450	1,535	1,085		
Total charges for services	24,050	24,050	36,639	12,589		
Fines and forfeitures:	20,000	20,000	24,551	4,551		
Miscellaneous:						
Investment income	6,000	6,000	72,027	66,027		
Other	2,000	2,000	<u> </u>	(2,000)		
Total miscellaneous	8,000	8,000	72,027	64,027		
Total revenues	1,119,541	1,119,541	1,709,465	589,924		

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA MAJOR FUND - GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	,	Variance With Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Amounts Final	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures:	Originar	1 mu	Tiotaai	(Tregutive)
General government:				
Salaries and wages	\$ 130,230	\$ 130,230	\$ 96,937	\$ 33,293
Employee benefits	130,716	130,716	70,682	60,034
Services and supplies	219,050	219,050	109,740	109,310
Total general government	479,996	479,996	277,359	202,637
Public safety:				
Fire:				
Salaries and wages	12,000	12,000	-	12,000
Employee benefits	20,058	20,058	8,712	11,346
Services and supplies	180,300	180,300	146,192	34,108
Total public safety	212,358	212,358	154,904	57,454
Public works:				
Highways and streets:				
Salaries and wages	106,885	106,885	97,232	9,653
Employee benefits	78,270	78,270	57,507	20,763
Services and supplies	190,019	190,019	150,387	39,632
Capital outlay			618	(618)
Total public works	375,174	375,174	305,744	69,430
Culture and recreation:				
Parks:				
Services and supplies	55,200	55,200	30,087	25,113
Mining parks:				
Salaries and wages	75,803	75,803	72,258	3,545
Employee benefits	48,630	48,630	36,027	12,603
Services and supplies	44,500	44,500	23,646	20,854
Total mining parks	168,933	168,933	131,931	37,002
Swimming pool:	_			
Salaries and wages	31,200	31,200	23,150	8,050
Employee benefits	6,621	6,621	3,113	3,508
Services and supplies	29,600	29,600	22,359	7,241
Total swimming pool	67,421	67,421	48,622	18,799

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA MAJOR FUND - GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Variance With
	Pudget /	Amounta		Final Budget Positive
	Budget A Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
				(= ++ 8++++)
Culture and recreation (continued):				
Fairgrounds:				
Services and supplies	\$ 7,300	\$ 7,300	\$ 2,744	\$ 4,556
Ball fields:				
Services and supplies	42,500	42,500	35,138	7,362
Convention center:				
Salaries and wages	96,427	96,427	80,980	15,447
Employee benefits	55,855	55,855	47,482	8,373
Services and supplies	96,600	96,600	62,313	34,287
Total convention center	248,882	248,882	190,775	58,107
Total culture and recreation	590,236	590,236	439,297	150,939
Contingency	15,000	15,000		15,000
Total expenditures	1,672,764	1,672,764	1,177,304	495,460
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(553,223)	(553,223)	532,161	1,085,384
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers out	(390,000)	(390,000)	(390,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(943,223)	(943,223)	142,161	1,085,384
Fund balance:				
Beginning of year	1,032,961	1,032,961	2,220,602	1,187,641
End of year	\$ 89,738	\$ 89,738	\$ 2,362,763	\$ 2,273,025

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

JUNE 30, 20		R FUNDS		
	Tonopah Public Utility Water Fund	Tonopah Public Utility Sewer Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	
ASSETS:				
Current assets:				
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 1,208,095	\$ 1,114,697	\$ 2,322,792	
Interest receivable	3,286	1,929	5,215	
Due from other governments	61,382	-	61,382	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	43,787	66,765	110,552	
Inventory	63,548	6,684	70,232	
Restricted assets - cash	667,014	16,611	683,625	
Total current assets	2,047,112	1,206,686	3,253,798	
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	14,341,129	5,925,351	20,266,480	
Total assets	16,388,241	7,132,037	23,520,278	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred charge on pension	48,851	60,538	109,389	
Deferred charge on OPEB	265,869	16,657	282,526	
Total deferred outflows of resources	314,720	77,195	391,915	
LIABILITIES:				
Current liabilities, payable from unrestricted assets:				
Accounts payable	60,992	9,334	70,326	
Accrued payroll	17,378	16,624	34,002	
Accrued interest payable	3,588	-	3,588	
Accrued compensated absences	15,960	15,960	31,920	
Current portion of bonds payable	106,944	-	106,944	
Total current liabilities-unrestricted	204,862	41,918	246,780	
Current liabilities, payable from restricted assets:				
Customer deposits	26,575	-	26,575	
Total current liabilities	231,437	41,918	273,355	
Non-current liabilities				
OPEB obligation payable	279,439	847,659	1,127,098	
Net pension obligation payable	264,229	232,411	496,640	
Accrued compensated absences	10,057	10,057	20,114	
Bonds payable	5,051,003		5,051,003	
Total non-current liabilities	5,604,728	1,090,127	6,694,855	
Total liabilities	5,836,165	1,132,045	6,968,210	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred charge on pension	46,000	57,970	103,970	
Deferred charge on OPEB	40,000	51,186	51,186	
	46,000			
Total deferred inflows of resources	46,000	109,156	155,156	
NET POSITION:	0.400.400		17.100.700	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	9,183,182	5,925,351	15,108,533	
Restricted for debt	172,809	-	172,809	
Restricted for capital projects	494,205	16,611	510,816	
Unrestricted	970,600	26,069	996,669	
Total net position	\$ 10,820,796	\$ 5,968,031	\$ 16,788,827	

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		MAJOR FUNDS				
	Tonopah		Tonopah			
	Pul	Public Utility		blic Utility	Total Enterprise	
	W	ater Fund	Se	ewer Fund		Funds
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services:						
Water fees	\$	467,353	\$	-	\$	467,353
Sewer fees		<u>-</u>		500,263		500,263
Total operating revenues		467,353		500,263		967,616
Operating expenses:						
Water Department:						
Administration		84,534		-		84,534
General operations		254,335		-		254,335
Water operations		120,050		-		120,050
Depreciation		460,733				460,733
Total water department		919,652		<u>-</u>		919,652
Sewer Department:						
Administration		-		142,879		142,879
General operations		-		221,054		221,054
Sewer operations		-		28,123		28,123
Depreciation				249,992		249,992
Total sewer department		<u> </u>		642,048		642,048
Total operating expenses		919,652		642,048		1,561,700
Operating (loss)		(452,299)		(141,785)		(594,084)
Nonoperating revenue (expense):						
Investment income		63,407		35,021		98,428
Miscellaneous		38,208		-		38,208
Grants		394,069		-		394,069
Interest expense		(108,586)		-		(108,586)
Capital projects fees		-		66,697		66,697
Surcharge		205,257		<u> </u>		205,257
Total nonoperating revenue		592,355		101,718		694,073
Net income (loss)		140,056		(40,067)		99,989
Net Position:						
Beginning of year		10,680,740		6,008,098		16,688,838
End of year	\$	10,820,796	\$	5,968,031	\$	16,788,827

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 MAJOR FUNDS

	MAJOR FUNDS						
		Tonopah	T	'onopah	ıh		
	Public Utility		Pub	Public Utility		al Enterprise	
	V	Vater Fund	Se	wer Fund		Funds	
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Cash received from customers	\$	423,880	\$	501,074	\$	924,954	
Cash paid for salaries, wages, and employee benefits		(235,822)		(311,024)		(546,846)	
Cash paid for services and supplies		(197,677)		(100,162)		(297,839)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		(9,619)		89,888		80,269	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:							
Miscellaneous revenue		38,208		-		38,208	
Grants		394,069		-		394,069	
Capital projects fees		-		66,697		66,697	
Surcharges		205,257				205,257	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		637,534		66,697		704,231	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:							
Purchase of capital assets		(432,418)		(167,872)		(600,290)	
Principal paid		(104,770)		-		(104,770)	
Interest paid		(108,650)				(108,650)	
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities		(645,838)		(167,872)		(813,710)	
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Investment income		62,918		34,703		97,621	
Net increase in cash		44,995	· ·	23,416		68,411	
Cash:							
Beginning of year		1,830,114	1	1,107,892		2,938,006	
End of year	\$	1,875,109	\$ 1	1,131,308	\$	3,006,417	
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash							
provided by operating activities:							
Operating (loss)	\$	(452,299)	\$	(141,785)	\$	(594,084)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash							
provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation		460,733		249,992		710,725	
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(43,473)		811		(42,662)	
(Increase) decrease in inventory		(1,243)		166		(1,077)	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		(275,315)		(12,169)		(287,484)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		47,503		5,235		52,738	
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll		5,640		1,329		6,969	
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences		(239)		(174)		(413)	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		13,515		16,200		29,715	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows		(11,423)		38,011		26,588	
Increase (decrease) in opeb obligations payable		246,982		(67,728)		179,254	
Total adjustments		442,680		231,673		674,353	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(9,619)	\$	89,888	\$	80,269	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

0011200, 2012				
	Post Retirement Benefits Fund Agency Fund			
<u>Assets</u>				
Pooled cash and investments Interest receivable	\$ 244,220 435			
Total assets	\$ 244,655			
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Amount held for others	\$ 244,655			

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies are discussed below.

1. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements include all of the activities that comprise the financial reporting entity of the Town of Tonopah ("Town"). The Town is governed by an elected five-member board. The Board is legally separate and fiscally independent from other governing bodies; therefore, the Town is a primary government and the Town is not reported as a component unit by any other governmental unit.

2. Basic Financial Statements

The Town's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are made up of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements include the aggregated financial information of the Town as a whole. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The fund financial statements include financial information for the three fund types: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Reconciliations between the fund statements, the Statement of Net Position, and the Statement of Activities are also included.

3. Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the Town's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position presents the consolidated financial position of the Town at year-end, in separate columns, for both governmental and business-type activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or service and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The financial accounts of the Town are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts comprised of assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds.

The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all resources and costs of operations traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in other funds.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise Funds are used to account for the goods or services to the public for a fee that makes the entity self-supporting. Currently, there are two Enterprise Funds.

Water Enterprise Fund - The Tonopah Public Utility Water Enterprise Fund accounts for the Town's delivery of water services.

Sewer Enterprise Fund - The Tonopah Public Utility Sewer Enterprise Fund accounts for the Town's delivery of sewer services.

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds - The Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in an agency capacity for others and cannot be used to support the Town's own operations.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

5. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered "measurable" when in the hands of intermediary collecting governments and are then recognized as revenue. The government considers revenues to be "available" if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Anticipated refunds of taxes are recorded as liabilities and reductions of revenue when they are measurable and the payment seems certain. In general, expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred. The exception to this rule is that principal and interest on debt service, as well as liabilities related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The major revenue sources of the Town include room taxes, consolidated taxes (primarily sales tax), and ad valorem taxes (property taxes).

Property taxes, sales taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

The proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of delivering services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

6. Budgetary Information

Nevada Revised Statutes and Town policies and regulations require that local governments legally adopt budgets for all funds. The budgets are filed as a matter of public record with the County Clerk and the State Department of Taxation. The Town staff uses the following procedures to establish, modify, and control the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The statutes provide for the following timetable in adoption of budgets:
 - a) Before April 15, the Town submits to the Nevada State Department of Taxation a tentative budget for the upcoming year. The tentative budget includes proposed expenditures and the means to finance them.
 - A public hearing must be held by the Board of Trustees no sooner than the third Monday in May and no later than the last day in May. Notice of the public hearing must be published in the local newspaper not more than 14 nor less than 7 days before the hearing.
 - c) On or Before June 1, the Town Board must adopt a final budget.
- 2. NRS 354.598005(1) provides that the Town Board may augment the budget of any fund that receives ad valorem tax at any time by a majority vote of the Board providing the Board publishes notice of its intention to act in a newspaper of general circulation within its county at least three days before the date set for adoption of the resolution. If it is desired to augment a fund that does not receive ad valorem tax or an enterprise or internal service fund, the Board may do so by adopting a resolution by majority vote authorizing the augmentation.
- 3. Nevada Revised Statute 354.598005(5) allows appropriations to be transferred between functions, funds or contingency accounts if such a transfer does not increase the total appropriation for any fiscal year and is not in conflict with other statutory provisions. The Finance Manager for the Town may transfer appropriations within any function within a fund. The Finance Manager may also transfer appropriations between functions within a fund, if the Town Board is advised of the action at the next regular meeting, and the action is recorded in the official minutes of the meeting. The Town Board may authorize the transfer of appropriations between funds or from the contingency account if the Town Board announces the transfer of appropriations at a regularly scheduled meeting sets forth the exact amounts to be transferred and the accounts, functions, programs, and funds affected. The Town Board must also set forth reasons for the transfer and the action must be recorded in the official minutes of the meeting.
- 4. Statutory regulations require budget control to be exercised at the function level within a fund.
- 5. Generally, budgets for all funds are adopted in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted amounts reflected in the accompanying financial statements recognize amendments made during the year.
- 6. There Public Safety Sales Tax Fire Special Revenue Fund was augmented during the year due to a grant in aid.
- 7. All appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbrances are re-appropriated in the ensuing fiscal year.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

7. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

a. Pooled Cash and Investments

Cash includes cash in the hands of Town officers, cash in the custody of the Nye County Treasurer and cash deposited in interest-bearing accounts at banks by the Nye County Treasurer. The majority of cash and investment transactions of the Town are handled by the Nye County Treasurer's office. Cash balances are combined and invested in combination with County funds. Investments consist of investment in the Nye County Treasurer's Investment Pool. Investments are stated at fair value on the balance sheet. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Changes in the fair value of Town investments are part of investment income. (See Note D1)

The Town's cash and cash equivalents in both governmental and proprietary fund types are considered to be cash on hand, cash in custody of the Nye County Treasurer, demand deposits, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The majority of the Town's cash and cash equivalents are in the custody of the Nye County Treasurer as required by Nevada Revised Statutes.

Nevada Revised Statutes authorize the Town to invest in:

- 1. Obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies in which the maturity dates do not exceed more than 10 years from the date of purchase.
- 2. Negotiable certificates of deposit issued by commercial banks or insured savings and loan associations (those over \$250,000 must be fully collateralized).
- 3. Negotiable notes or short-term negotiable bonds issued by local governments within Nevada.
- 4. Eligible bankers' acceptances that do not exceed 180 days maturity and do not exceed 20 percent of the portfolio.
- 5. Commercial paper with a rating of A-1 or P-1 that does not exceed 270 days maturity and does not exceed 20 percent of the portfolio.
- 6. The State of Nevada's Local Government Investment Pool.
- 7. Repurchase agreements that are collateralized at 102 percent of the repurchase price and do not exceed 90 days maturity. Securities used for collateral must meet the criteria listed above.
- 8. Money market mutual funds which are rated as "AAA" or its equivalent and invest only in securities issued by the Federal Government, U.S. Agencies, or repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such securities.

The Town has not established an investment policy further limiting its investments.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

7. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

b. Property Taxes

Taxes on real property are levied in July of each year and are due in July. They can be paid in quarterly installments in August, October, January, and March. In the event of nonpayment, the County Treasurer is authorized to hold the property for two years, subject to redemption upon payment of taxes, penalties and costs, together with interest at the rate of 10 percent per year from the date the taxes were due until paid. If delinquent taxes are not paid within the two-year redemption period, the County Treasurer obtains a deed to the property free of all encumbrances. Upon receipt of a deed, the County Treasurer may sell the property to satisfy the tax lien.

Article X, Section 2 of the Constitution of the State of Nevada limits the total taxes levied by all overlapping governmental units within the boundaries of any County (i.e., the County, the County School District, the State, and any other City, Town, or Special District) to an amount not to exceed \$5 per \$100 of assessed valuation of the property being taxed. The Nevada Legislature enacted provisions whereby the combined overlapping tax rate was limited to \$3.64 per \$100 of assessed valuation. (See Note D2 and D4)

c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. The business-type activity funds report inventory costs when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

d. Restricted Assets

Certain cash assets of the Enterprise Fund are from revenue for specific use by the Enterprise Fund and are classified as restricted assets because their use is restricted by agreement. (See Note D5)

e. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. If purchased or constructed, capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated value as of the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements. The Town is required to capitalize and report its major general infrastructure assets acquired in fiscal years ending after June 30, 1980. In addition, infrastructure assets acquired before June 30, 1980, that received significant reconstruction must be capitalized. Tonopah Town has no infrastructure assets that were acquired or constructed that must be capitalized.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

7. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

e. Capital Assets (Continued)

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, and equipment of the Town are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	25-50
Vehicles	8
Various Other Equipment	5-20
Infrastructure	25-50

f. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows include the Town's pension related contributions subsequent to the measurement date but before the end of the fiscal year and changes in proportion of the Town's contributions to the Town's proportionate contributions.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, which qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source, property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The difference between projected and actual experience and investment earnings are related to the deferred inflows of pensions and the calculation of net pension liability reported on the statement of net position. Changes of assumptions are related to the deferred inflows of other post-employment benefits and the calculation of the total other post-employment benefits liability reported on the Statement of Net Position.

g. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Nevada (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

h. Other Post-Employment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the total other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's OPEB plan and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments, if any, are reported at fair value.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

7. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

i. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Estimated amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the government-wide financial statements. (See Note D6). In proprietary funds, compensated absences are recorded when the liabilities are incurred.

j. Accrued Salaries and Benefits

Town salaries earned but not paid by June 30, 2019, have been accrued as liabilities and shown as expenditures for the year ending June 30, 2019.

k. Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, the Town may have activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, balances between the funds included in the governmental activities are eliminated. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e. enterprise funds) are eliminated.

Certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported as operating transfers in or out. While reported in fund financial statements, transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated in the governmental activities' column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated as transfers in the business-type activities column.

l. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts as well as deferred losses and gains, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures during the current period. Deferred charges related to the refunding of debt are reported as a deferred outflow of resources. They are amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as an "other financing source." Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures.

m. Governmental Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

(1) Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as inventories and prepaids.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

7. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

m. Governmental Fund Balances (Continued)

- **Restricted** –Amounts that can be spent only for a specific purpose because of state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.
- (3) Committed These amounts can only be used for specific purposes as set forth by the Town Board. The Board must take formal action (vote approval by majority) in order to establish an ending fund balance commitment for any specific purpose. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.
- (4) Assigned –Assignments are neither restrictions nor commitments and represent the Town's intent to use funds for a specific purpose. These assignments, however, are not legally binding and are meant to reflect intended future use of the Town's ending fund balance. Intent can be expressed by the Town Board or Town Manager.
- (5) Unassigned All amounts not included in other spendable classifications for the General Fund.

n. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the Town's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

o. Net Position Policies

In the government-wide statements, net position on the Statement of Net Position includes the following:

(1) Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt

This is the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

(2) Restricted Assets

This is the component of net position that reports the constraints placed on the use of assets by either external parties and/or enabling legislation. Currently, the Town restricts assets as follow:

- a) NRS 354.59815 Special Ad Valorem Capital Projects
- b) NRS 354.6113 Capital Projects Fund
- c) NRS 365.190 Road Improvements
- d) Special Acts NRS 545 Public Safety Tax for Sheriff and Fire

(3) Unrestricted

This is the component of net position that is the difference between the assets and liabilities not reported as Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt; and Restricted Assets.

p. Net Position Flow Assumption

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the Town's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

7. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

q. Comparative Data/Reclassifications

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements to provide an understanding of the changes in the Town's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

r. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide Statement of Activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that, "Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities." The details of this difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 214,090
Depreciation expense	 (178,652)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances -	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position	
of governmental activities	\$ 35,438

NOTE C - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

1. Compliance and Accountability

The Town is required to report expenditures that exceeded budgeted appropriations at the function level for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Project Funds. Enterprise funds may not exceed budget appropriations at the fund level. For the year ending June 30, 2019, there were no exceeded budget appropriations.

NOTE D - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

1. Pooled Cash and Investments

The Town maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. The majority of cash and investments of the Town are included in the cash and investment pool of the Nye County Treasurer. At June 30, 2019, this pool is displayed on the government-wide statement of net position and on the funds financial statement balance sheet as "Pooled Cash and Investments."

Cash and investments as shown on the Statement of Net Position for the Town are as follows:

	Governmental		Business-type				
		Activities	Activities		Agency		 Totals
Cash in the hands of officers	\$	97,377	\$	114,320	\$	-	\$ 211,697
Carrying amount of deposits with Treasurer		3,218,262		2,892,097		244,220	 6,354,579
Total	\$	3,315,639	\$	3,006,417	\$	244,220	\$ 6,566,276
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,315,639	\$	2,322,792	\$	244,220	\$ 5,882,651
Restricted assets - cash				683,625		_	 683,625
Total	\$	3,315,639	\$	3,006,417	\$	244,220	\$ 6,566,276

Except for financial reporting purposes, the cash balance of \$244,220 in the Agency Fund is not normally considered part of the Town's pooled cash and investments. This amount represents cash held in an agency capacity by the Town and cannot be used in the Town's normal operations.

The cash and investment pool is available for use by all funds of the Town. Cash and investments under the custody of the County Treasurer are invested as a pool. The County Treasurer may invest the money of the investment pool in investments which have been authorized as investments by Nevada Revised Statutes. (See Note A7a) The Town has not adopted a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Investment gain or loss is apportioned to the Town funds monthly based on the average balance invested for the month.

The fair value of the Town's investment in the Nye County Treasurer's Investment Pool was determined by multiplying the pool's fair value per share factor times the Town's portion of pool balance as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE D – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

1. Pooled Cash and Investments (Continued)

Cash and investments in the custody of the Town and the County are subject to the following risks:

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk of possible reduction in the value of a security, especially a bond, resulting from the rise in interest rates. Nevada Revised Statutes limits bankers' acceptances to 180 days of maturities, repurchase agreements to 90 days, U.S. Treasuries and Agencies to less than 10 years, and commercial paper to 270 days maturity. The approximate weighted average maturity of investments in the Nye County Treasurer's investment pool was 1.80 years. As of June 30, 2019, Town investments held in the Nye County Treasurer's cash and investment pool are categorized as follows:

		Inv			
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10	> 10
U.S. Agencies	42.87%	40.24%	59.76%	0.00%	0.00%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	52.37%	20.95%	79.05%	0.00%	0.00%
NV Local Government Investment Pool	0.91%	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Money Market Mutual Funds	3.85%	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	100.00%				

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation and is a function of the credit quality ratings of its investments. The Nye County Treasurer investment pool includes instruments which have been authorized by Nevada Revised Statutes. (**See Note A7a**) At June 30, 2019, the Nye County Treasurer's investment pool ratings were as follows:

	Quality Ratings by Moody's							
Investment Type	Aaa	Aa1	Aa2	Aa3	A1	A2	A3	N/A
U.S. Agencies	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%
NV Local Government Investment Pool	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%
Money Market Mutual Funds	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank or brokerage failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned. The Town's bank deposits are covered by FDIC insurance. Deposits in excess of FDIC insurance coverage in the custody of the Nye County Treasurer are collateralized by securities held by the Office of the State Treasurer/Nevada Collateral Pool.

NOTE D – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

1. Pooled Cash and Investments (Continued)

Concentrations of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. Investments with a single issuer within the Nye County Treasurer cash and investment pool that represent five percent or more of total investments as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Federal Farm Credit Bank	17.15%
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)	9.22%
Fannie Mae	8.38%
Freddie Mac	5.78%

The Town implemented GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, in 2016 to categorize its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	N/A
U.S. Agencies	42.87%	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	52.37%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%
NV Local Government Investment Pool	0.91%	18.43%	81.57%	0.00%	0.00%
Money Market Mutual Funds	3.85%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%
•	100.00%				

2. Receivables

Below is the detail of receivables for each major fund and the nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts:

Other										
	G	eneral	Gove	rnmental	Water		Sewer		Total	
Interest	\$	3,972	\$	1,664	\$	3,286	\$	1,929	\$	10,851
Property Taxes		7,210		-		-		-		7,210
Room taxes		63,470		4,959		-		-		68,429
Due from other governments:										
Consolidated taxes		103,663		-		-		-		103,663
Fuel taxes		13,503		-		-		-		13,503
Grant		21,550		-		61,382		-		82,932
Public safety sales tax		-		29,986		-		-		29,986
Accounts receivable, net of						12 707		66765		110.552
allowance for uncollectible		_		_		43,/8/		00,703		110,552
Total receivables	\$	213,368	\$	36,609	\$	108,455	\$	68,694	\$	427,126
Due from other governments: Consolidated taxes Fuel taxes Grant Public safety sales tax Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible	\$	103,663 13,503 21,550	\$	- - 29,986	\$	43,787	\$	66,765	\$	103,663 13,503 82,932 29,986 110,552

NOTE D – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

Governmental Activities:

	Balance				Balance
	June 30, 2018	Additions	Transfer	Deletions	June 30, 2019
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,215,563	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,215,563
Construction in progress	23,652	250	(23,902)		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,239,215	250	(23,902)		2,215,563
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Land Improvements	24,750	19,000	-	-	43,750
Building and improvements	2,158,754	182,272	15,703	-	2,356,729
Equipment	1,954,150	12,568	8,199		1,974,917
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,137,654	213,840	23,902	-	4,375,396
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land Improvements	1,238	1,237	-	-	2,475
Building and improvements	746,029	67,955	-	-	813,984
Equipment	1,083,420	109,460			1,192,880
Total accumulated depreciation	1,830,687	178,652			2,009,339
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,306,967	35,188	23,902		2,366,057
Governmental activities assets, net	\$ 4,546,182	\$ 35,438	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,581,620

Building and improvement additions were for the convention center bathroom renovation and the firehouse vehicle exhaust system.

Equipment additions were for fire radios and Blitzfire monitors.

Business-type Activities:

	Balance				Balance	
	June 30, 2018	Additions	Transfer	Deletions	June 30, 2019	
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 55,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,000	
Construction in progress		367,734	25,130		392,864	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	55,000	367,734	25,130		447,864	
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Systems and equipment	33,194,671	232,556	(25,130)	-	33,402,097	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Systems and equipment	12,872,756	710,725			13,583,481	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	20,321,915	(478,169)	(25,130)		19,818,616	
Business-type activities assets, net	\$20,376,915	\$ (110,435)	\$ -	\$ -	\$20,266,480	

Capital additions included system improvements and small equipment.

NOTE D – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

3. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

governmental activities.		
General government	\$	11,124
Public safety		50,498
Public works		53
Culture and recreation		116,977
	<u>\$</u>	178,652
Business activities:		
Water	\$	460,733
Sewer		249,992
	\$	710,725

4. Unavailable Revenue

Delinquent taxes receivable not collected within sixty days after year-end are recorded as deferred inflows of resources as they are not available to pay liabilities of the current period. Unavailable tax revenue in the General Fund was \$6,304 as of June 30, 2019.

5. Restricted Assets Accounts

The balances of the Town's restricted assets accounts are as follows:

21515 Cash – Water customer deposits	\$	7,674
21517 Cash – Water short lived assets		44,761
21551 Cash – Water arsenic debt service		18,954
21555 Cash – Water capital replacement		441,769
21561 Cash – Water arsenic debt reserve		90,131
21554 Cash – Water revenue bond debt service		30,750
21564 Cash – Water revenue bond debt reserve		32,975
Total restricted assets	\$	667,014
21543 Cash – Sewer short lived assets	<u>\$</u>	16,611

NOTE D – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

6. Long-term Debt

a. Revenue Bonds Payable - Business-Type Activities

1. The Town issued bonds in the amount of \$3,907,000 that were funded by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) in 2013. The bonds were for the construction of an arsenic water project. The bonds are being repaid over 40 years requiring monthly payments of \$11,604 including interest at 1.875%. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2019, was \$3,435,859. The bond agreement requires the Town to establish a debt service reserve equal to 10% of the monthly payment each month over the life of the loan until one annual installment is accumulated. The required monthly deposit is \$1,160. The required reserve at June 30, 2019 is \$87,000. The balance in the reserve at June 30, 2019, was \$90,131. In addition, the Town is to fund a short-lived asset replacement reserve with an annual deposit of \$10,007. The required reserve as of June 30, 2019, was \$40,344. The balance in the reserve at June 30, 2019, was \$44,761. A water projects capital replacement reserve is also to be funded \$56,000 annually. The required reserve as of June 30, 2019, was \$349,500. The balance in the water replacement reserve at June 30, 2019, was \$441,769.

Maturity requirements of the bonds payable are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2020	\$ 75,472	\$ 63,776
2021	76,900	62,348
2022	78,354	60,894
2023	79,836	59,412
2024	81,346	57,902
2025-2029	430,394	265,846
2030-2034	472,661	223,579
2035-2039	519,078	177,162
2040-2044	570,054	126,186
2045-2049	626,036	70,204
2050-2053	425,728	13,033
	\$ 3,435,859	\$ 1,180,342

NOTE D – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

- 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)
- a. Revenue Bonds Payable Business-Type Activities (Continued)
- 2. The Town issued bonds in the amount of \$1,873,000 that were funded by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) in 2013. The bonds were for the construction of an arsenic water project. The bonds are being repaid over 40 years requiring monthly payments of \$6,181 including interest at 2.5%. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2019, was \$1,722,088. The bond agreement requires the Town to establish a debt service reserve equal to 10% of the monthly payment each month over the life of the loan until one annual installment is accumulated. The required monthly deposit is \$618. The required reserve at June 30, 2018, is \$38,316. The balance in the reserve at June 30, 2019, was \$63,725.

Maturity requirements of the bonds payable are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 31,472	\$ 42,700
2021	32,268	41,904
2022	33,084	41,088
2023	33,920	40,252
2024	34,778	39,394
2025-2029	187,536	183,324
2030-2034	212,478	158,382
2035-2039	240,738	130,122
2040-2044	272,757	98,103
2045-2049	309,034	61,826
2050-2053	334,023	20,753
	\$ 1,722,088	\$ 857,848

NOTE D – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

b. Changes in Long-Term Debt

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the following changes occurred:

Governmental activities:

	Balance	Net	Net	Balance	Due within
	June 30, 2018	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	June 30, 2019	One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 22,404	\$ 8,157	\$ -	\$ 30,561	\$ 21,978
Net pension obligation	405,888	14,799	-	420,687	-
OPEB obligation payable	1,208,638		116,289	1,092,349	
Total	<u>\$ 1,636,930</u>	<u>\$ 22,956</u>	<u>\$ 116,289</u>	<u>\$ 1,543,597</u>	\$ 21,978

Business-type activities:

	Balance	Net	Net	Balance	Due within
	June 30, 2018	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	June 30, 2019	One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 52,447	\$ -	\$ 413	\$ 52,034	\$ 31,920
Net pension obligation	466,925	29,715	-	496,640	-
OPEB obligation payable	947,844	179,254	-	1,127,098	-
Bond payable	5,262,717		104,770	5,157,947	106,944
Total	<u>\$ 6,729,933</u>	<u>\$ 208,969</u>	<u>\$ 105,183</u>	<u>\$ 6,833,719</u>	<u>\$ 138,864</u>

Governmental activity liabilities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

7. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town has joined together with other local governments throughout the State of Nevada to create a pool under the Nevada Interlocal Cooperation Act. The Nevada Public Agency Insurance Pool (NPAIP) is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for members. The Town pays an annual premium to NPAIP for its property, casualty, crimes, and machinery insurance coverage. NPAIP is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide liability coverage for its members up to \$10,000,000 per event and a \$10,000,000 annual aggregate per member. Property, crime, and equipment breakdown coverage is provided to its members up to \$300,000,000 per loss with various sub-limits established for earthquake, flood, equipment breakdown, and money and securities. As a participatory member the maintenance deductible is \$5,000 for each insured event.

The Town participates in the Public Agency Compensation Trust (PACT). The PACT covers workers' compensation claims. Premiums are paid on a quarterly basis based on a percentage of the employees' wages.

The Town is self-insured for unemployment claims.

The Town purchases health care benefits for its employees through a commercial carrier.

NOTE D – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

8. Contingent Liabilities

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by those agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation

Counsel for the Town has indicated there are no pending actions against the Town.

Construction Commitments

The Town has an active construction project as of June 30, 2019. At year-end, the Town's commitment is as follows:

Business-Type Activities				
Project	Spe	nt-to-Date	Co	mmitment
Flowmeter project	\$	326,184	\$	332,884

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description. Half time and greater Town employees are provided pension benefits through the Public Employees' Retirement System of the State of Nevada (PERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer, defined benefit plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement System of the State of Nevada. PERS provides retirement benefits, disability benefits, and death benefits, including annual cost of living adjustments, to plan members and their beneficiaries. NRS Chapter 286 establishes the benefit provisions provided to the participants of PERS. These benefit provisions may only be amended through legislation. The Public Employees' Retirement System of the State of Nevada issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PERS that can be obtained at www.nvpers.org under Quick Links — Publications.

Benefits Provided. Benefits, as required by the Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS or statute), are determined by the number of years of accredited service at time of retirement and the member's highest average compensation in any 36 consecutive months. Vested members are entitled to a life-time monthly retirement benefit equal to the service time multiplier (STM) percentages listed below times the member's years of service to a maximum of 30 years. The schedule of Eligibility for Monthly Unreduced Retirement Benefits for regular members and police/fire members are as follows:

Eligibility for Regular Members:

			Ziigieiiit)	101 110 8 01101 1				
Years of	Hired	l prior to	Hired	between	Hired	Between		
Service	07.	/01/01	07/01/0	1-12/31/09	01/01/10	0-07/01/15	Hired A	fter 7/1/15
	Age	STM%	Age	STM%	Age	STM%	Age	STM%
5 years	65	2.50%	65	2.67%	65	2.50%	65	2.25%
10 years	60	2.50%	60	2.67%	62	2.50%	62	2.25%
30 years	Any	2.50%	Any	2.67%	Any	2.50%	55	2.25%
33 1/3 years							Any	2.25%

NOTE D – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Eligibility for Police and Fire Members:

Years of	Hired	l prior to	Hired	between	Hired	Between		
Service	07.	/01/01	07/01/01	1-12/31/09	01/01/10	0-07/01/15	Hired A	fter 7/1/15
	Age	STM%	Age	STM%	Age	STM%	Age	STM%
5 years	66	2.50%	66	2.67%	65	2.50%	65	2.50%
10 years	55	2.50%	55	2.67%	60	2.50%	60	2.50%
20 years	50	2.50%	50	2.67%	50	2.50%	50	2.50%
25 years	Any	2.50%	Any	2.67%				
30 years			-		Any	2.50%	Any	2.50%

^{*} Only service performed in a position as a police officer or firefighter may be counted towards eligibility for retirement as Police/Fire accredited service.

Benefit payments to which participants or their beneficiaries may be entitled under the plan include pension benefits, disability benefits, and survivor benefits. The System offers several alternatives to the unmodified service retirement allowance which, in general, allow the retired employee to accept a reduced service retirement allowance payable monthly during his or her lifetime and various optional monthly payments to a named beneficiary after his or her death. Post-retirement increases are provided by authority of NRS 286.575 - .579.

The normal ceiling limitation on monthly benefits allowances is 75% of average compensation. However, a member who has an effective date of membership before July 1, 1985, is entitled to a benefit of up to 90% of average compensation. Both Regular and Police/Fire members become fully vested as to benefits upon completion of five years of service.

Contributions: Benefits for plan members are funded under the employer pay contribution plan. The Town is required to contribute all amounts due under the plan. PERS receives an actuarial valuation on an annual basis indicating the contribution rates required to fund the System on an actuarial reserve basis. Contributions actually made are in accordance with the required rates established by the Nevada Legislature. These statutory rates are increased/decreased pursuant to NRS 286.421 and 286.450. The Town's required contribution rate for the year ending June 30, 2019, was 28.00% for regular members and 40.50% for police and firemen. The Town has fully funded the amounts due for the year ending June 30, 2019. For purposes of GASB No. 82, the Town recognized only the employer portion as a deferred outflow.

The actuary funding method used is the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. It is intended to meet the funding objective and result in a relatively level long-term contribution requirement as a percentage of salary.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported a liability of \$917,327 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's allocation percentage of the net pension liability was based on the total contributions due on wages paid during the measurement period. Each employer's proportion of the net pension liability is based on their combined employer and member contributions relative to the total combined employer and member contributions for all employers for the period ended June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2018, the Town's proportion was .00673 percent.

NOTE D – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$48,329. At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual results	\$	39,498	\$	58,523
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		0		6,003
Changes in proportion		28,967		150,711
Changes of assumptions		66,437		0
Town Contributions subsequent to measurement date		94,599		0
Total	\$	229,501	\$	215,237

The Town reported \$94,599 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

T 7	1 1	T	20
Vear	ended	liine	311.
1 Cai	CHUCU	June	JU.

2020	\$ (8,146)
2021	(24,667)
2022	(48,127)
2023	(11,093)
2024	9,446
2025	2,252
	\$ (80,335)

Actuarial Assumptions: The System's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation rate	2.75%
Payroll Growth	5.00%, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%
Productivity pay increase	0.50%
Projected Salary increases	Regular: 4.25% to 9.15%, depending on service
	Police/Fire: 4.55% to 13.90%, depending on service
	Rates include inflation and productivity increases
Consumer Price Index	2.75%
Other assumptions	Same as those used in the June 30, 2018 funding actuarial valuation.
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NOTE D – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables for Males and Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of the experience review completed in 2017. The System's policies which determine the investment portfolio target asset allocation are established by the Public Employees' Retirement Board. The asset allocation is reviewed annually and is designed to meet the future risk and return needs of the System.

The following was the Board-adopted policy target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018:

		Long-Term Geometric
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	42%	5.50%
International Equity	18%	5.75%
Domestic Fixed	30%	0.25%
Private Markets	10%	6.80%

^{*}As of June 30, 2018, PERS' long-term inflation assumption was 2.75%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position at June 30, 2018, was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability to change in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent higher or lower than the current rate.

		1.0%		Discount Rate (7.5%)		1.0%		
	Decrease (6.5%)					Increase (8.5%)		
Town's proportionate share								
of the net pension liability	\$	1,398,872	\$	917,327	\$	517,174		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, available on the PERS website.

Pension contributions payable. At June 30, 2019, the Town reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$20,240 for legally required employer contributions which had not yet been remitted to PERS.

NOTE D – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

10. Postemployment Health Care Plan

Plan Description: The Town administers a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides medical, dental, prescription, and life insurance benefits to eligible retired Town employees.

Benefit provisions for the plan are established pursuant to NRS 287.023 and amended through negotiations between the Town and its employees. NRS 288.150 assigns the authority to establish benefit provisions to the Town Board. The plan provides healthcare insurance for eligible retirees through the Town's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Under NRS 287.023, eligible retirees are able to participate in the plan with blended rates, thereby benefitting from an implicit subsidy. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	7
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0
Active employees	5
	12

Funding Policy: Contribution requirements of the plan members and the Town are established and may be amended through negotiations between the Town and employees. The Town pays 100% of the costs of current-year premiums for eligible retired plan members. For fiscal year 2019, the Town contributed \$100,302 to the plan. Employees hired before January 9, 2015, who vest in the State of Nevada Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) by or through their employment with the Town, and who have worked not less than ten (10) continuous years for the Town immediately preceding retirement, and who, when they leave Town employment collect PERS retirement, will have the same percentage of their post-retirement health insurance premiums paid by the Town as the Town pays for its employees, of which that percentage may from time to time change. Employees hired on or after January 9, 2015, who vest in PERS by or through their employment with the Town, and who have worked not less than twenty (20) continuous years for the Town, and who, when they leave Town employment collect PERS retirement, will have fifty percent (50%) of their post-retirement health insurance premiums paid by the Town, up to a cap of \$4,000 per year. Employees who retire from the Town who do not meet these qualifications may choose to participate in the plan and would be required to fully pay their costs of health insurance coverage.

Important Dates used in the Valuation:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2019 Measurement Date: June 30, 2019

Measurement Period: June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year End: June 30, 2019

Significant Results and Differences from the Prior Valuation:

The assumptions used to develop the information in this report are the same assumptions used for the July 1, 2018 valuation. Updates were made to the discount rate, mortality assumptions, and to assumed future healthcare trend.

Net Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

The Town's net OPEB liability of \$2,219,447 was measured as of June 30, 2019 and determined by actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTE D – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

10. Postemployment Health Care Plan (Continued)

Tonopah Town has elected to calculate the net OPEB liability and related information using the alternative measurement method permitted by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 for employers in plans with fewer than one hundred total plan members.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs: The net OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Tonopah Town
Inflation rate	3.50%
Salary Increase	Varies from 22.0% to 6.9%
Discount Rate	
Prior Measurement Date	2.98%
Measurement Date	2.79 %
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	5.75% for 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2023
Mortality Rates	Social security administration's actuarial life tables.
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	0%-50% depending on total costs exceeding \$4,000.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of June 30, 2018, to June 30, 2019.

The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-year high grade index. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.79 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB			n Fiduciary	Net OPEB	
	Lial	oility	Ne	et Position	Liability	
	(a)		(b)	(a)-(b)	
Service cost	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Interest		60,166		0		60,166
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		109,918		0		109,918
Contributions – employer		0		100,302		(100,302)
Net investment income		0		6,817		(6,817)
Benefit payments	(55,302)		(55,302)		0
Net changes		114,782		51,817		62,965
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of the year	2	,349,320		192,838		2,156,482
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>2,464,102</u>	\$	244,655	\$	2,219,447

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.98% as of June 30, 2018, to 2.79% as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE D – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

10. Postemployment Health Care Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Town's net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent higher or lower than the current rate.

	1.0% Decrease		Discount Rate		1.0% Increase		
	((1.79%)		(2.79%)		(3.79%)	
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	2,543,738	\$	2,219,447	\$	1,944,292	

Sensitivity of the Town's net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percent higher or lower than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1.0%		Discount			1.0%
	Decrease		Rate		Increase	
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	1.936.852	\$	2,219,447	\$	2,546,286

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized OPEB changes which increased the net position by \$51,817. At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to net OPEB liabilities from the following sources:

Dafamad

Dafamad

	Ou	tflows of esources	Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual results	\$	0	\$	0	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		298,867		153,549	
Town Contributions subsequent to measurement date		0		0	
Total	\$	298,867	\$	153,549	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2020	\$(21,225)
2021	(21,225)
2022	(21,225)
2023	(21,225)
2024	(21,225)
thereafter	(39,193)
	\$(145,318)
	\$(145,318)

NOTE D – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

11. TAX ABATEMENT

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the amount of tax abatements is \$393,158. The tax revenues abated were property tax revenues under agreements with the State of Nevada.

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS JUNE 30, 2019

	6	/30/2019	6/30/2018	
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$	-	\$	-
Interest		60,166		67,280
Changes of benefit terms		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		109,918		40,923
Benefit Payments		(55,302)		(56,596)
Net Change in total OPEB liability		114,782		51,607
Total OPEB liability - beginning		2,349,320		2,297,713
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	2,464,102	\$	2,349,320
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer		100,302		101,596
Net investment income		6,817		(366)
Benefit payments		(55,302)		(56,596)
Net Change in plan fiduciary net position		51,817		44,634
Plan fiduciary net - beginning		192,838		148,204
Plan fiduciary net - ending (b)	\$	244,655	\$	192,838
Town's net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	2,219,447	\$	2,156,482
•		<u> </u>		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the				
total OPEB liability		9.93%		8.21%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	288,578	\$	211,362
Town's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-				
employee payroll		769.10%		1020.28%

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period.

6/30/2019	2.79
6/30/2018	2.98
6/30/2017	3.13

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF NEVADA JUNE 30, 2019

Year Ended June 30	De	tractually termined tributions	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions		Defi	ribution ciency cess)	Eı	Covered mployee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
2013	\$	107,472	\$	107,472	\$	_	\$	451,528	23.80%
2014		127,942		127,942		-		498,896	25.65%
2015		137,829		137,829		-		532,810	25.87%
2016		148,882		148,882		-		530,773	28.05%
2017		142,773		142,773		-		529,693	26.95%
2018		85,660		85,660		-		593,854	14.42%
2019		96,725		96,725		-		628,589	15.39%

Information previous to 2013 is not available.

Beginning with the year-ended 2018, all contributions shown reflect employer-paid contributions only, and employer-paid member contributions are excluded. Actuarially determined contributions above are based on actuarially determined contribution rates (employer portion only) from the most recent rate-setting year prior to the year shown, applied to covered payroll for year shown.

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OF THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF NEVADA JUNE 30, 2019

Reporting Year Ended June 30:	Town's proportion of the net pension liability	Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	Town's covered- employee payroll	Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its coveredemployee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2015	0.00846%	883,049	498,896	177.00%	76.31%
2016	0.00767%	878,789	532,810	164.93%	75.10%
2017	0.00705%	949,257	530,773	178.84%	72.20%
2018	0.00656%	872,813	529,693	164.78%	74.40%
2019	0.00673%	917,327	593,854	154.47%	75.20%

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation. Therefore, only five years are shown.

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is based upon the measurement taken on June 30th of the prior year.

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Note 1 – Net Pension Liability

Changes in benefit terms. There have been no changes in benefit terms since the last valuation.

Changes in assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period.

Note 2 – Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability

Changes in benefit terms. There have been no changes in benefit terms since the last valuation.

Changes in assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period and the eligibility of additional employees.

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA MAJOR FUND - GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS

JUNE 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
ASSETS:		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 2,252,275	\$ 2,175,404
Interest receivable	3,972	3,316
Property taxes receivable	7,210	5,634
Room tax receivable	63,470	51,954
Due from other governments	138,716	105,452
Total assets	\$ 2,465,643	\$ 2,341,760
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$ 56,630	\$ 84,601
Accrued payroll	39,946	32,799
Total liabilities	96,576	117,400
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	6,304	3,758
FUND BALANCE:		
Assigned for subsequent year	1,277,379	1,032,961
Unassigned	1,085,384	1,187,641
Total fund balance	2,362,763	2,220,602
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		
of resources, and fund balance	\$ 2,465,643	\$ 2,341,760

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA

MAJOR FUND - GENERAL FUND (GAAP BASIS) SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2019				Variance- Positive		2018
	Budg			Actual		legative)		Actual
Revenues:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Taxes	\$ 64	3,699	\$	908,382	\$	264,683	\$	867,480
Licenses and permits	1	6,500		2,246		(14,254)		20,741
Intergovernmental	40	7,292		665,620		258,328		685,061
Charges for services	2	4,050		36,639		12,589		31,645
Fines and forfeitures	2	0,000		24,551		4,551		19,039
Miscellaneous		8,000		72,027		64,027		872
Total revenues	1,11	9 <u>,541</u>		1,709,465		589,924	_	1,624,838
Expenditures:								
General government	47	9,996		277,359		202,637		377,948
Public safety	21	2,358		154,904		57,454		94,080
Public works	37	5,174		305,744		69,430		305,380
Culture and recreation	59	0,236		439,297		150,939		387,382
Contingency	1	5,000				15,000		
Total expenditures	1,67	2,764		1,177,304		495,460		1,164,790
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	(55	3,223)		532,161		1,085,384		460,048
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers out	(39	0,000)		(390,000)		<u>-</u>		(300,000)
Net change in fund balance	(94	3,223)		142,161		1,085,384		160,048
Fund balance:								
Beginning of year	1,03	2,961		2,220,602	<u> </u>	1,187,641	-	2,060,554
End of year	\$ 8	9,738	\$	2,362,763	\$ 2	2,273,025	\$	2,220,602

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA MAJOR FUND - GENERAL FUND (GAAP BASIS) SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

· ·	mparative Amounts for		Variance-	
	20	19	Positive	2018
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 343,699	\$ 316,753	\$ (26,946)	\$ 320,853
Room taxes	300,000	591,629	291,629	546,627
Total taxes	643,699	908,382	264,683	867,480
Licenses and permits	16,500	2,246	(14,254)	20,741
Intergovernmental:				
County liquor license	1,800	3,960	2,160	3,640
County gaming license	16,000	37,252	21,252	29,340
Consolidated tax	300,000	545,000	245,000	556,804
Gas tax \$1.75	50,519	52,048	1,529	39,009
Grants	38,973	27,360	(11,613)	56,268
Total intergovernmental	407,292	665,620	258,328	685,061
Charges for services:				
Rescue runs	200	-	(200)	6
Swimming pool fees	6,000	7,935	1,935	4,416
Convention Center rental	10,000	13,167	3,167	12,760
Sports complex fees	2,400	2,400	-	2,400
Mining park entrance	5,000	11,602	6,602	10,943
Fairgrounds rental	450	1,535	1,085	1,120
Total charges for services	24,050	36,639	12,589	31,645
Fines and forfeitures	20,000	24,551	4,551	19,039
Miscellaneous:				
Investment income	6,000	72,027	66,027	(6,224)
Insurance settlement	- -	· -	· -	6,070
Other	2,000		(2,000)	1,026
Total miscellaneous	8,000	72,027	64,027	872
Total revenues	\$ 1,119,541	\$ 1,709,465	\$ 589,924	\$ 1,624,838

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA MAJOR FUND - GENERAL FUND (GAAP BASIS) SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

`	•		Variance-	
	20)19	Positive	2018
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Expenditures:				
General government:				
Salaries and wages	\$ 130,230	\$ 96,937	\$ 33,293	\$ 108,609
Employee benefits	130,716	70,682	60,034	73,724
Services and supplies	219,050	109,740	109,310	171,963
Capital outlay		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	23,652
Total general government	479,996	277,359	202,637	377,948
Public safety:				
Fire:				
Salaries and wages	12,000	-	12,000	-
Employee benefits	20,058	8,712	11,346	10,048
Services and supplies	180,300	146,192	34,108	84,032
Total public safety	212,358	154,904	57,454	94,080
Public works:				
Highways and streets:				
Salaries and wages	106,885	97,232	9,653	90,033
Employee benefits	78,270	57,507	20,763	56,383
Services and supplies	190,019	150,387	39,632	158,964
Capital outlay	<u> </u>	618	(618)	
Total public works	375,174	305,744	69,430	305,380
Culture and recreation:				
Parks:				
Services and supplies	55,200	30,087	25,113	16,428
Mining parks:				
Salaries and wages	75,803	72,258	3,545	59,788
Employee benefits	48,630	36,027	12,603	31,620
Services and supplies	44,500	23,646	20,854	30,281
Total mining parks	168,933	131,931	37,002	121,689
Swimming pool:				
Salaries and wages	31,200	23,150	8,050	17,143
Employee benefits	6,621	3,113	3,508	2,295
Services and supplies	29,600	22,359	7,241	18,758
Total swimming pool	67,421	48,622	18,799	38,196

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA MAJOR FUND - GENERAL FUND (GAAP BASIS) SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Variance-	
	20)19	Positive	2018
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Culture and recreation (continued):				
Fairgrounds:				
Services and supplies	\$ 7,300	\$ 2,744	\$ 4,556	\$ 2,986
Ball fields:				
Services and supplies	42,500	35,138	7,362	38,211
Convention Center:				
Salaries and wages	96,427	80,980	15,447	61,482
Employee benefits	55,855	47,482	8,373	35,343
Services and supplies	96,600	62,313	34,287	73,047
Total convention center	248,882	190,775	58,107	169,872
Total culture and recreation	590,236	439,297	150,939	387,382
Contingency	15,000	_	15,000	-
Total expenditures	\$ 1,672,764	<u>\$ 1,177,304</u>	\$ 495,460	<u>\$ 1,164,790</u>

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA

MAJOR FUND - TONOPAH PUBLIC UTILITIES WATER ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
ASSETS:		
Current assets:		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 1,208,095	\$ 1,249,257
Interest receivable	3,286	2,797
Due from other governments	61,382	-
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	43,787	61,696
Inventory	63,548	62,305
Restricted assets - cash	667,014	580,857
Total current assets	2,047,112	1,956,912
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	14,341,129	14,369,444
Total assets	16,388,241	16,326,356
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred charge on pension	48,851	36,628
Deferred charge on OPEB	265,869	2,777
Total deferred outflows of resources	314,720	39,405
LIABILITIES:		
Current liabilities, payable from unrestricted assets:		
Accounts payable	60,992	13,489
Accrued payroll	17,378	11,738
Accrued interest payable	3,588	3,652
Accrued compensated absences	15,960	12,603
Current portion of bonds payable	106,944	104,766
Total current liabilities-unrestricted	204,862	146,248
Current liabilities, payable from restricted assets:		
Customer deposits	26,575	26,575
Total current liabilities	231,437	172,823
Non-current liabilities:		
OPEB obligation payable	279,439	32,457
Net pension obligation payable	264,229	250,714
Accrued compensated absences	10,057	13,653
Bonds payable	5,051,003	5,157,951
Total non-current liabilities		
	5,604,728	5,454,775
Total liabilities	5,836,165	5,627,598
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred charge on pension	46,000	57,423
NET POSITION:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	9,183,182	9,106,727
Restricted for debt	172,809	121,525
Restricted for capital projects	494,205	459,332
Unrestricted	970,600	993,156
Total net position	\$ 10,820,796	\$ 10,680,740

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA MAJOR FUND - TONOPAH PUBLIC UTILITIES WATER ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES

IN NET POSITION - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Variance-		
		19	Positive	2018
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actuals
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services:				
Water fees	\$ 515,200	\$ 467,353	\$ (47,847)	\$ 486,748
Operating expenses:				
Water department:				
Administration	166,454	84,534	81,920	82,235
General operations	283,438	254,335	29,103	212,714
Water operations	185,700	120,050	65,650	102,352
Depreciation	400,000	460,733	(60,733)	467,974
Total operating expenses	1,035,592	919,652	115,940	865,275
Operating income (loss)	(520,392)	(452,299)	68,093	(378,527)
Nonoperating revenue (expense):				
Investment income	5,000	63,407	58,407	(6,014)
Miscellaneous	23,000	38,208	15,208	25,640
Grant	-	394,069	394,069	-
Interest expense	(108,654)	(108,586)	68	(107,060)
Water surcharge	210,000	205,257	(4,743)	206,404
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	129,346	592,355	463,009	118,970
Net income (loss)	\$ (391,046)	140,056	\$ 531,102	(259,557)
Net Position:				
Beginning of year		10,680,740		10,940,297
End of year		\$ 10,820,796		\$ 10,680,740

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA

MAJOR FUND - TONOPAH PUBLIC UTILITIES WATER ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2019	2018
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$ 423,880	\$ 489,821
Cash paid for salaries, wages, and employee benefits	(235,822)	(217,113)
Cash paid for services and supplies	(197,677)	(197,281)
Net cash provided by operating activities	(9,619)	75,427
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Miscellaneous revenue	38,208	25,640
Grants	394,069	-
Surcharges	205,257	206,404
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	637,534	232,044
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Purchase of capital assets	(432,418)	(41,630)
Principal paid	(104,770)	(102,678)
Interest paid	(108,650)	(110,742)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	(645,838)	(255,050)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Investment income	62,918	(6,237)
Net increase in cash	44,995	46,184
Cash:		
Beginning of year	1,830,114	1,783,930
End of year	\$ 1,875,109	\$ 1,830,114
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Operating (loss)	\$ (452,299)	\$ (378,527)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	460,733	467,974
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(43,473)	3,223
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(1,243)	(2,872)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	(275,315)	24,876
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	47,503	(1,958)
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll	5,640	2,673
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	-	(150)
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	(239)	7,410
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	13,515	52,052
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	(11,423)	4,086
Increase (decrease) in opeb obligations payable	246,982	(103,360)
Total adjustments	442,680	453,954
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ (9,619)	\$ 75,427

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA

MAJOR FUND - TONOPAH PUBLIC UTILITIES SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
ASSETS:		
Current assets:		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 1,114,697	\$ 1,091,820
Interest receivable	1,929	1,611
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	66,765	67,576
Inventory	6,684	6,850
Restricted assets - cash	16,611	16,072
Total current assets	1,206,686	1,183,929
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	5,925,351	6,007,471
Total assets	7,132,037	7,191,400
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred charge on pension	60,538	45,770
Deferred charge on OPEB	16,657	19,256
Total deferred outflows of resources	77,195	65,026
LIABILITIES:		
Current liabilities, payable from unrestricted assets:		
Accounts payable	9,334	4,099
Accrued payroll	16,624	15,295
Accrued compensated absences	15,960	12,538
Total current liabilities - unrestricted	41,918	31,932
Non-current liabilities:		
OPEB obligation payable	847,659	915,387
Net pension obligation payable	232,411	216,211
Accrued compensated absences	10,057	13,653
Total non-current liabilities	1,090,127	1,145,251
Total liabilities	1,132,045	1,177,183
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred charge on pension	57,970	71,145
	•	71,143
Deferred charge on OPEB	51,186	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	109,156	71,145
NET POSITION:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	5,925,351	6,007,471
Restricted for capital projects	16,611	16,072
Unrestricted	26,069	(15,445)
Total net position	\$ 5,968,031	\$ 6,008,098

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA MAJOR FUND - TONOPAH PUBLIC UTILITIES SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES

IN NET POSITION - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Variance-	
		19	Positive	2018
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actuals
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services:				
Sewer fees	\$ 487,921	\$ 500,263	\$ 12,342	\$ 532,886
Operating expenses:				
Sewer department:				
Administration	253,817	142,879	110,938	162,274
General operations	467,769	221,054	246,715	201,043
Sewer operations	41,000	28,123	12,877	28,837
Depreciation	260,000	249,992	10,008	269,025
Total sewer department	1,022,586	642,048	380,538	661,179
Total operating expenses	1,022,586	642,048	380,538	661,179
Operating income (loss)	(534,665)	(141,785)	392,880	(128,293)
Nonoperating revenue (expense):				
Investment income	6,000	35,021	29,021	(3,213)
Capital projects fees	46,000	66,697	20,697	64,318
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	52,000	101,718	49,718	61,105
Net income (loss)	\$ (482,665)	(40,067)	\$ 442,598	(67,188)
Net Position:				
Beginning of year		6,008,098		6,075,286
End of year		\$ 5,968,031		\$ 6,008,098

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA

${\bf MAJOR\ FUND\ -\ TONOPAH\ PUBLIC\ UTILITIES\ SEWER\ ENTERPRISE\ FUND\ COMPARATIVE\ SCHEDULES\ OF\ CASH\ FLOWS }$

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2019	2018
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$ 501,074	\$ 516,832
Cash paid for salaries, wages, and employee benefits	(311,024)	(297,268)
Cash paid for services and supplies	(100,162)	(101,171)
Net cash provided by operating activities	89,888	118,393
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Capital projects fees	66,697	64,318
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Purchase of capital assets	(167,872)	-
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Investment income/(loss)	34,703	(3,596)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash	23,416	179,115
Cash:		
Beginning of year	1,107,892	928,777
End of year	\$ 1,131,308	\$ 1,107,892
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Operating (loss)	\$ (141,785)	\$ (128,293)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	249,992	269,025
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	811	(16,054)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	-	4,467
(Increase) decrease in inventory	166	262
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	(12,169)	14,616
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	5,235	662
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll	1,329	3,992
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	(174)	7,345
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	16,200	(50,064)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	38,011	5,062
Increase (decrease) in opeb obligations payable	(67,728)	7,373
Total adjustments	231,673	246,686
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 89,888	\$ 118,393

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

	Ionmajor Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	2019 Totals	2018 Totals
ASSETS:					
Pooled cash and investments Interest receivable Room tax receivable Due from other governments Prepaid expense	\$ 400,039 540 4,959 29,986	\$	663,325 1,124 - -	\$ 1,063,364 1,664 4,959 29,986	\$ 780,837 1,159 4,059 48,557 855
Total assets	\$ 435,524	\$	664,449	\$ 1,099,973	\$ 835,467
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>					
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits	\$ 117,667 1,654	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 117,667 1,654	\$ 239,979 3,623
Total liabilities	 119,321		<u>-</u>	 119,321	 243,602
FUND BALANCE:					
Nonspendable Restricted for capital projects Restricted for public safety Restricted for culture & recreation	 225,491 90,712		664,449	 664,449 225,491 90,712	 855 318,713 139,798 132,499
Total fund balance	 316,203	_	664,449	 980,652	 591,865
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 435,524	\$	664,449	\$ 1,099,973	\$ 835,467

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Ionmajor		Ionmajor		
		Special		Capital		
	F	Revenue]	Projects	2019	2018
		Funds		Funds	Totals	Totals
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	41,845	\$	-	\$ 41,845	\$ 42,704
Intergovernmental		254,257		31,847	286,104	247,921
Charges for services		-		-	-	34
Miscellaneous		10,982		45,554	 56,536	 81,342
Total revenues		307,084		77,401	 384,485	 372,001
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety		174,777		-	174,777	308,005
Culture and recreation		89,256		-	89,256	63,251
Capital projects				121,665	 121,665	 299,621
Total expenditures		264,033		121,665	 385,698	 670,877
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		43,051		(44,264)	(1,213)	(298,876)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in				390,000	 390,000	 300,000
Net change in fund balance		43,051		345,736	388,787	1,124
Fund balance:	•					
Beginning of year		273,152		318,713	 591,865	 590,741
End of year	\$	316,203	\$	664,449	\$ 980,652	\$ 591,865

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

		State Room Tax		Tourism		Mural Fund	,	Public Safety Sales Tax Sheriff	S	Public Safety Sales Tax Fire
ASSETS:										
Pooled cash and investments	\$	95,439	\$	203	\$	20,854	\$	109,838	\$	173,705
Interest receivable		174		-		38		147		181
Room tax receivable		4,959		-		-		-		14002
Due from other governments		-		-		-		14,993		14,993
Prepaid expense	_		_		-					
Total assets	\$	100,572	\$	203	\$	20,892	\$	124,978	\$	188,879
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>										
Accounts payable	\$	30,955	\$	_	\$	_	\$	735	\$	85,977
Accrued payroll and benefits								1,654		
Total liabilities		30,955						2,389		85,977
FUND BALANCE:										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for public safety		-		-		-		122,589		102,902
Restricted for culture and recreation		69,617		203		20,892		<u> </u>	_	
Total fund balance		69,617		203		20,892		122,589		102,902
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	100,572	\$	203	\$	20,892	\$	124,978	\$	188,879

	To	tals	
	2019		2018
\$	400,039 540	\$	462,566 717
	4,959		4,059
	29,986		48,557
	<u>-</u>		855
\$	435,524	\$	516,754
\$	117,667	\$	239,979
Ψ	1,654	Ψ	3,623
	1,034		3,023
	119,321		243,602
	-		855
	225,491		139,798
	90,712		132,499
	316,203		273,152
\$	435,524	\$	516,754

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

							Public		Public
	State						Safety		Safety
	Room				Mural	S	ales Tax	S	ales Tax
	Tax		Tourism		Fund		Sheriff		Fire
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$ 41,845	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Intergovernmental	_		-		-		92,610		161,647
Miscellaneous	 3,314		1,611		699		3,246		2,112
Total revenues	 45,159		1,611		699		95,856		163,759
Expenditures:									
Public safety	-		-		-		83,222		91,555
Culture and recreation	 81,251	_	8,005	_					
Total expenditures	 81,251		8,005				83,222		91,555
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(36,092)		(6,394)		699		12,634		72,204
Fund balance:									
Beginning of year	 105,709	_	6,597	_	20,193		109,955		30,698
End of year	\$ 69,617	<u>\$</u>	203	\$	20,892	\$	122,589	\$	102,902

	tals	
2019		2018
\$ 41,845	\$	42,704
254,257		216,340
 10,982		4,362
307,084		263,406
 	_	
174,777		308,005
89,256		63,251
264.022		271 256
 264,033		371,256
43,051		(107,850)
273,152		381,002
<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
\$ 316,203	\$	273,152
 ,		,_ _

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA NONMAJOR FUND - STATE ROOM TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS

JUNE 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
ASSETS:		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 95,439	\$ 101,874
Interest receivable	174	126
Room tax receivable	4,959	4,059
Due from other governments		14,737
Total assets	\$ 100,572	\$ 120,796
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>		
Accounts payable	\$ 30,955	\$ 15,087
FUND BALANCE:		
Restricted for culture and recreation	69,617	105,709
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 100,572	\$ 120,796

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA NONMAJOR FUND - STATE ROOM TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				V	ariance-		
	20	19		F	Positive		2018
	Budget		Actual	(N	legative)		Actual
•	20,000	\$	A1 QA5	•	21.845	¢	42,704
Ф	20,000	φ	41,043	φ	21,043	φ	42,704
							14,737
	-		-		-		14,/3/
			2 214		2 214		(330)
			3,314		3,314		(330)
	20.000		45.159		25.159		57,111
	20,000		.0,103		20,109		07,111
	90,317		81,251		9,066		56,719
	(70,317)		(36,092)		34,225		392
	70 317		105 709		35 392		105,317
	10,511		103,707		33,374		105,517
\$	_	\$	69,617	\$	69,617	\$	105,709
	\$	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000 \$ - 20,000 90,317 (70,317)	Budget Actual \$ 20,000 \$ 41,845 - - - 3,314 20,000 45,159 90,317 81,251 (70,317) (36,092) 70,317 105,709	2019 F Budget Actual (N \$ 20,000 \$ 41,845 \$ - - - - 3,314 20,000 45,159 90,317 81,251 (70,317) (36,092) 70,317 105,709	Budget Actual (Negative) \$ 20,000 \$ 41,845 \$ 21,845 - - - - - 3,314 20,000 45,159 25,159 90,317 81,251 9,066 (70,317) (36,092) 34,225 70,317 105,709 35,392	Budget Positive (Negative) \$ 20,000 \$ 41,845 \$ 21,845 \$ - - - - - - 3,314 3,314 - 20,000 45,159 25,159 90,317 81,251 9,066 (70,317) (36,092) 34,225 70,317 105,709 35,392

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA NONMAJOR FUND - TOURISM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2019 and 2018

	2	2019	2	2018
ASSETS:				
Pooled cash and investments Interest receivable	\$	203	\$	6,589 50
Total assets	\$	203	\$	6,639
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	42
FUND BALANCE:				
Restricted for culture and recreation		203		6,597
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$</u>	203	\$	6,639

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA NONMAJOR FUND - TOURISM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		20	19		riance- ositive	2018
	В	udget		Actual	egative)	Actual
Revenues:						
Miscellaneous:						
Investment income	\$	-	\$	(2)	\$ (2)	\$ (74)
Donations		1,800		1,613	 (187)	 6,193
Total revenues		1,800		1,611	(189)	6,119
Expenditures:						
Culture and recreation:						
Services and supplies		10,210		8,005	 2,205	 6,532
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		(8,410)		(6,394)	2,016	(413)
Fund balance:						
Beginning of year		8,410		6,597	 (1,813)	 7,010
End of year	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	\$	203	\$ 203	\$ 6,597

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA MURAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
ASSETS:		
Pooled cash and investments Interest receivable	\$ 20,854 38	\$ 20,162 31
Total assets	\$ 20,892	\$ 20,193
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -
FUND BALANCE:		
Restricted for culture and recreation	20,892	20,193
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 20,892	\$ 20,193

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA NONMAJOR FUND - MURAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

					Va	riance-		
		20	19		P	ositive		2018
	Bu	dget	A	Actual	(N	egative)	1	Actual
Revenues:								
Miscellaneous:								
Investment income	\$	-	\$	699	\$	699	\$	(61)
Expenditures:								
Culture and recreation:								
Capital outlay		20,404				20,404		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	((20,404)		699		21,103		(61)
Fund balance:								
Beginning of year		20,404		20,193		(211)		20,254
End of year	\$	_	\$	20,892	\$	20,892	\$	20,193

TONOPAH TOWN, NEVADA NONMAJOR - PUBLIC SAFETY SALES TAX SHERIFF SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
SSETS		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 109,838	\$ 95,671
Interest receivable	147	142
Oue from other governments	14,993	16,910
Prepaid expense	_	855
Total assets	<u>\$ 124,978</u>	\$ 113,578
<u>IABILITIES</u>		
Accounts payable	\$ 735	\$ -
Accrued payroll and benefits	1,654	3,623
Total liabilities	2,389	3,623
FUND BALANCE:		
Nonspendable	-	855
Restricted for public safety	122,589	109,100
Total fund balance	122,589	109,955
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 124,978	\$ 113,578

TONOPAH TOWN, NEVADA

NONMAJOR - PUBLIC SAFETY SALES TAX SHERIFF SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	·		·			ariance-		
		20	19			Positive		2018
]	Budget		Actual	(Negative)		Actual	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental:								
Public safety tax - Nye County	\$	82,000	\$	92,610	\$	10,610	\$	100,802
Miscellaneous:								
Investment income		<u>-</u>		3,246		3,246		(698)
Total revenues		82,000		95,856		13,856		100,104
Expenditures:								
Public safety:								
Salaries and wages		41,500		40,199		1,301		40,285
Employee benefits		21,700		21,800		(100)		21,168
Services and supplies		21,400		10,324		11,076		-
Capital outlay		<u>-</u>		10,899		(10,899)		21,702
Total expenditures	_	84,600		83,222		1,378		83,155
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(2,600)		12,634		15,234		16,949
Fund balance:								
Beginning of year		2,600		109,955		107,355		93,006
End of year	<u>\$</u>		\$	122,589	\$	122,589	\$	109,955

TONOPAH TOWN, NEVADA NONMAJOR - PUBLIC SAFETY SALES TAX FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
ASSETS		
Pooled cash and investments Interest receivable Due from other governments	\$ 173,705 181 14,993	\$ 238,270 368 16,910
Total assets	<u>\$ 188,879</u>	\$ 255,548
IABILITIES		
accounts payable	\$ 85,977	\$ 224,850
UND BALANCE		
Restricted for public safety	102,902	30,698
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 188,879</u>	\$ 255,548

TONOPAH TOWN, NEVADA

NONMAJOR - PUBLIC SAFETY SALES TAX FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				V	ariance-		
	20	19		Positive			2018
	Budget		Actual	(Negative)		Actual	
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental:							
Public safety tax - Nye County	\$ 82,000	\$	92,610	\$	10,610	\$	100,801
Grant	 69,037		69,037		_		_
Total intergovernmental	151,037		161,647		10,610		100,801
Miscellaneous:							
Investment income	 -		2,112		2,112	_	(668)
Total revenues	 151,037		163,759		12,722		100,133
Expenditures:							
Public safety:							
Services and supplies	84,565		-		84,565		-
Capital outlay	 69,037		91,555		(22,518)		224,850
Total public safety	 153,602		91,555		62,047		224,850
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	(2,565)		72,204		74,769		(124,717)
Fund balance:							
Beginning of year	 2,565		30,698		28,133		155,415
End of year	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	102,902	\$	102,902	\$	30,698

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

	Capital Projects	Special Ad Valorem		Mining		Tot 2019		2018
ASSETS:								
Pooled cash and investments Interest receivable	\$ 518,036 925	\$ 81,017 87	\$	64,272 112	\$	663,325 1,124	\$	318,271 442
Total assets	\$ 518,961	\$ 81,104	\$	64,384	\$	664,449	\$	318,713
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>								
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
FUND BALANCE:								
Restricted for capital projects	 518,961	 81,104		64,384		664,449		318,713
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 518,961	\$ 81,104	\$	64,384	\$	664,449	\$	318,713

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Capital	Special		To	tals
	Projects	Ad Valorem	Mining	2019	2018
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 31,847	\$ -	\$ 31,847	\$ 31,581
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	34
Miscellaneous	12,848	1,658	31,048	45,554	76,980
Total revenues	12,848	33,505	31,048	77,401	108,595
Expenditures:					
Capital projects	121,665			121,665	299,621
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(108,817)	33,505	31,048	(44,264)	(191,026)
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in	390,000			390,000	300,000
Net change in fund balance	281,183	33,505	31,048	345,736	108,974
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year	237,778	47,599	33,336	318,713	209,739
End of year	\$ 518,961	\$ 81,104	\$ 64,384	\$ 664,449	\$ 318,713

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA NONMAJOR FUND - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS

JUNE 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
ASSETS:		
Pooled cash and investments Interest receivable	\$ 518,036 <u>925</u>	\$ 237,412 366
Total assets	\$ 518,961	\$ 237,778
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>		
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -
FUND BALANCE:		
Restricted for capital projects	518,961	237,778
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 518,961	\$ 237,778

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA NONMAJOR FUND - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Variance-	
	2	2019	Positive	2018
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:				
Charges for services:				
Rescue runs	\$ 500	\$ -	\$ (500)	\$ 34
Miscellaneous:				
Investment income	-	12,848	12,848	(836)
Grants	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	77,977
Total other revenues		12,848	12,848	77,141
Total revenues	500	12,848	12,348	77,175
Expenditures:				
Capital projects	595,369	121,665	473,704	218,766
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	(504.050)	(100.015)	40 6 0 7 2	(1.41.501)
over expenditures	(594,869)	(108,817)	486,052	(141,591)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	390,000	390,000		300,000
Net change in fund balance	(204,869)	281,183	486,052	158,409
Fund balance:				
Beginning of year	204,869	237,778	32,909	79,369
End of year	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 518,961	\$ 518,961	\$ 237,778

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA NONMAJOR FUND - SPECIAL AD VALOREM CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS

JUNE 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
ASSETS:		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 81,017	\$ 47,574
Interest receivable	87	25
Total assets	\$ 81,104	\$ 47,599
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>		
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -
FUND BALANCE:		
Restricted for capital projects	81,104	47,599
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 81,104</u>	\$ 47,599

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA NONMAJOR FUND - SPECIAL AD VALOREM CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

						ariance-		
		2019			Positive		2018	
	Buc	lget	Actual		(Negative)		Actual	
Revenues:	¢	20,000	¢	21 947	ф	11 047	φ	21 501
Intergovernmental: Miscellaneous:	\$	20,000	\$	31,847	\$	11,847	\$	31,581
Investment income				1,658		1,658		(60)
Total revenues		20,000		33,505		13,505		31,521
Expenditures:								
Capital projects		56,078		<u>-</u>		56,078		80,855
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(36,078)		33,505		69,583		(49,334)
Fund balance: Beginning of year		36,078		47,599		11,521		96,933
End of year	\$		\$	81,104	\$	81,104	\$	47,599

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA NONMAJOR FUND - MINING CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS

JUNE 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018		
ASSETS:				
Pooled cash and investments Interest receivable	\$ 64,272 112	\$ 33,285 51		
Total assets	\$ 64,384	\$ 33,336		
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -		
FUND BALANCE:				
Restricted for capital projects	 64,384	 33,336		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 64,384	\$ 33,336		

TOWN OF TONOPAH, NEVADA NONMAJOR FUND - MINING CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Variance-	
	20)19	Positive	2018
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental:				
Grants	\$ 25,000	\$ -	\$ (25,000)	\$ -
Miscellaneous:				
Investment income	-	2,043	2,043	(101)
Other	<u>-</u> _	29,005	29,005	<u>-</u> _
Total other		31,048	31,048	(101)
Total revenues	25,000	31,048	6,048	(101)
Expenditures:				
Capital projects	58,437	-	58,437	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(33,437)	31,048	64,485	(101)
Fund balance:				
Beginning of year	33,437	33,336	(101)	33,437
End of year	\$ -	\$ 64,384	\$ 64,384	\$ 33,336

${\bf TOWN\ OF\ TONOPAH,\ NEVADA}$

AGENCY FUND

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	-	Balance ne 30, 2018	Α.	dditions	Do	letions	-	Balance ne 30, 2019
	Jun	16 30, 2016	A	uuttons	Del	ictions	Jui	16 30, 2019
Post Retirement Benefits Fund ASSETS								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	192,541	\$	51,679	\$	-	\$	244,220
Interest receivable		297		435		297		435
Total assets	\$	192,838	\$	52,114	\$	297	\$	244,655
LIABILITIES								
Amount held for others	\$	192,838	\$	52,114	\$	297	\$	244,655

DANIEL C. McARTHUR, LTD.

Certified Public Accountant

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Board Members Town of Tonopah, Nevada Tonopah, Nevada

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Tonopah, Nevada (the Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 11, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Las Vegas, Nevada February 11, 2020

DANIEL C. McARTHUR, LTD.

Certified Public Accountant

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S COMMENTS

Honorable Board Members Town of Tonopah, Nevada Tonopah, Nevada

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Town of Tonopah, Nevada, (the Town) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Town failed to comply with the requirements of the Nevada Revised Statutes except as noted below. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such compliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Town's noncompliance with the Nevada Revised Statutes referenced below, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

CURRENT YEAR STATUTE COMPLIANCE

The Town of Tonopah, Nevada conformed to all significant statutory constraints on its financial administration during the year as identified in Note C1 of the accompanying financial statements.

PROGRESS ON PRIOR YEAR STATUTE COMPLIANCE

There were no compliance issues in the prior year.

CURRENT YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

I noted no material weakness and no significant deficiency in internal controls.

PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

I noted no material weakness and no significant deficiency in internal controls.

BUSINESS LICENSE COMPLIANCE NRS 354.624

Nevada Revised Statutes 354.624 Sec 4(a) requires a schedule of all fees imposed by the Town which are subject to the provisions of NRS 354.5989. The Town charges a business license fee that is subject to NRS 354.5989. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town did not raise fees on business licenses subject to the limitations of NRS 354.5989.

Business license fees are calculated on a point system at \$0.0125 per point per calendar quarter. Business classes are as follows:

Class A Professional 1,000 Points
Class B Wholesaler
Class C Retailer 500
Class D Service 300

Additional points are assessed for the calculation of the license based on number of employees, hours of operation, and number of locations. The points for each category have not changed during the year ended June 30, 2019.

On October 10, 2018 the Town Board voted to not enforce Tonopah Town Ordinance Chapter 22.04, Business License Tax and Regulations for all businesses other than hotels and motels, for calendar years 2019 and 2020.

NEVADA REVISED STATUTE 354.59815 - SPECIAL AD VALOREM CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Special Ad Valorem Capital Projects Fund

MULLANGSPULA

The Town established the Special Ad Valorem Capital Projects Fund in accordance with Nevada Revised Statutes 354.59815. Activity of the fund is reported on page 89 of the financial Statements. No projects were funded during the year. The Town does not plan to accumulate money in the fund.

Las Vegas, Nevada February 11, 2020